Basic unit

Overview



The entire SIPROCESS GA700 device is configured in a modular fashion and consists of a basic unit and at least one – maximum two – modules. It can optionally be fitted with up to two interface modules.

Benefits

The basic unit provides:

- Transmission and evaluation of measurement results
- Display and transmission of device parameters
- Operation (parameterization, configuration)

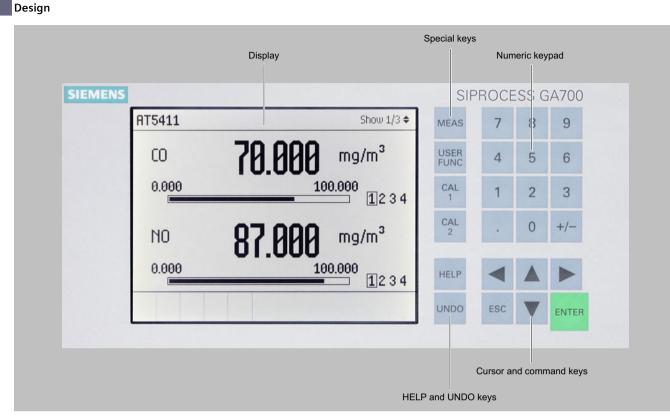
In addition to the modules, the basic unit contains the interfaces for the peripherals.

Application

Depending on the modules installed, the device is predominantly used in the following sectors:

- Chemical industry
- Petrochemicals
- Steel
- Cement
- Power generation
- Environmental protection

Basic unit



Display and operator panel of the SIPROCESS GA700 devices

19" rack unit

- 19" rack unit with 3 height units (U) for installation
- In hinged frame
- in cabinets
- Gas connections directly on the analyzer module for sample gas inlet and outlet: for pipe diameter 6 mm
- Purging gas connections (optional), purging gas connection for 6 mm or 1/4" hose (optional)
- ATEX/IECEx approval for Zone 2

Wall-mounted device

- Gas connections directly on the analyzer module for sample gas inlet and outlet: Pipe union for pipe diameter 6 mm
- Purging gas connections (optional): Pipe diameter 12 mm
- ATEX/IECEx approval for Zones 1 and 2

Field device

- Field control unit: Flameproof encapsulated enclosure with mounted Ex e connection enclosure (IP55)
- Ex-d field module with installed module (IP65)
- ATEX/IECEx approval for Zone 1
- Maximum cable length of the connection cable between field module and field control unit: 7 m

Display and operator panel

- LCD panel for simultaneous display of:
- Measured value
- Status bar
- Measuring ranges
- Menu-driven operation for parameterization, test functions, adjustment
- User help in plain text
- Operating software in six languages (English, German, French, Italian, Spanish, Portuguese)

Basic unit

Design (Continued)

Inputs and outputs

- 19" rack unit and wall-mounted unit
- 8 digital inputs, designed for 24 V, floating, freely configurable (e.g. for measuring range switchover, processing of external signals from sample preparation)
- 8 relay outputs, with changeover contacts, freely configurable (e.g. for faults, maintenance demanded, limit alarms, external solenoid valves)
- Ethernet connection contained in the basic unit (connection on the rear side, Ethernet RJ45, 100 Mbit)
- Service interface (front side); Ethernet RJ45, 100 Mbit.
- Field control unit
- 1 analog output for each component 0/4 to 20 mA
- 5 relay outputs, with changeover contacts, freely configurable, e.g. for faults or measuring range identification
- 5 digital inputs, designed for 24 V, floating, freely configurable, e.g. for measuring range switchover

Interface modules

- 19" rack unit and wall-mounted unit - Interface module 1.1:
 - 12 relay outputs and 8 digital inputs
- Interface module 2.1:
 1 analog output for each measuring component (0/4 to 20 mA or configurable according to NAMUR), plus 3 relay outputs for each module
- Interface module 2.2:
- 1 analog output for each measured component (0/4 to 20 mA or configurable according to NAMUR), 4 analog inputs and 4 digital inputs
- Field control unit
 - Interface module 2.2:
 4 analog inputs 0/4 to 20 mA

Function

Essential characteristics

- Measuring range identification
- Storage of measured values possible during adjustments
- Four freely parameterizable measuring ranges, also with suppressed zero point
- Autoranging possible; remote switching is also possible
- Wide range of selectable time constants (static/dynamic noise suppression); i.e. the response time of the analyzer can be matched to the respective measuring task
- Measuring point switchover for up to 12 measuring points (programmable)
- Parameterizable measuring point identification
- Automatic, parameterizable measuring range calibration
- Operation based on the NAMUR recommendation
- Three control levels with their own authorization codes for the prevention of accidental and unauthorized operator interventions
- Simple handling using a numerical membrane keyboard and operator prompting
- Customer-specific analyzer options such as:
- Customer acceptance
- TAG labels

Basic unit

Selection and ordering data

SIPROCESS GA700		Article No. 7MB3000- ● ● 0 ● - ● ● ●
Click on the Article No. for online configuration in the PIA	A Life Cycle Portal.	
Unavailable combinations are shown in PIA Li	fe Cycle Portal as "not permitted".	
Basic device version		
19 inch rack enclosure		0
Wall box		3
Wall box (bushing with support for shielding)		4
Field control unit Ex-d (incl. 3 analog outputs and 3 digit	al outputs)	6
Module 1 (slot 1)		
Without		x
ULTRAMAT 7		В
OXYMAT 7		С
CALOMAT 7		F
ULTRAMAT 7 heated (65 °C)		J
OXYMAT 7 high temperature (130 °C)		к
Module 2 (slot 2)		
Without		x
ULTRAMAT 7		В
OXYMAT 7		С
CALOMAT 7		F
Interface module 1		
Without		0
Interface module 1.1 (12 digital outputs + 8 digital input	s)	1
Interface module 2		
Without		0
Interface module 2.1 (6 analog outputs + 6 additional dig		1
Interface module 2.2 (6 analog outputs, 4 analog inputs		2
Interface module 2.2 for field control unit (4 analog inpu		6
Language of the compact operating instructions/expl		
Language of the compact operating instructions	Language of the explosion protection manuals	
• German	• German, English	A
• English	German, English	В
French	French, Dutch	с
• Italian	Italian, Spanish, Portuguese	D
• Spanish	Italian, Spanish, Portuguese	Е
Portuguese	Italian, Spanish, Portuguese	G
	Finnish, Swedish, Danish	М
	 Estonian, Latvian, Lithuanian 	N
	Czech, Polish, Slovakian	Р
	Romanian, Bulgarian, Greek	Q
	Hungarian, Slovenian, Croatian	R
	- Hanganan, Slovenian, Cloadan	N N
Ex version		
Standard, operation in non-hazardous zone Standard, operation in non-hazardous zone with purging	ass connection (wall unit only)	AB
Standard, operation in non-hazardous zone with purging		
Setup in hazardous zone 2 (IECEx, ATEX II 3G), flammabl		C
Setup in hazardous zone 2 (IECEx, ATEX II 3G), non-flamı Setup in hazardous zone 1 and 2 (IECEx, ATEX II 2G, 3G)	flammable or non-flammable gases Ex pyb IIC Gb (wall unit only)	E
Setup in hazardous zone 1, 2, 22 (IECEx, ATEX II 2G, 2G, 3G) Setup in hazardous zone 1, 2, 22 (IECEx, ATEX II 2G, 2G,		G
Ex pyb IIC Gb Ex ec IIC Gc Ex pyb IIIC/IIC Dc/Gb Ex tc IIIC D		G
	mable or non-flammable gases Ex db IIC Gb (field device only)	н

Options	Order code
Add "-Z" to article number and then add order	
code	

Basic unit

Selection and ordering data (Continued)

Options	Order code
Settings	
Tag plates (specific inscription based on customer information)	B03
Gönnheimer Ex p control unit (ATEX and IECEx) continuous purging	E72
SIMATIC PDM software with single point license	E73
Plug set D-sub for 19" rack enclosure	E74
Basic unit module assignment number	D00 D99

Technical specifications

	19" rack unit enclosure	Wall box	Field control unit
General information			
Operating position	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal
Design, enclosure			
Weight without module	8.6 kg	23 kg	27 kg
Degree of protection	IP20 according to EN 60529	IP65 according to EN 60529	IP55 according to EN 60529
Electrical characteristics			
Auxiliary power	100 240 V AC (nominal range of use 85 264 V), 50 60 Hz (nominal range of use 47 63 Hz)	100 240 V AC (nominal range of use 85 264 V), 50 60 Hz (nominal range of use 47 63 Hz)	100 240 V AC (nominal range of use 85 264 V), 50 60 Hz (nominal range of use 47 63 Hz)
Power consumption	Max. 280 VA	Max. 280 VA	Max. 280 VA
EMC interference immunity (electro- magnetic compatibility)	In accordance with the standard requirements of NAMUR NE21 (05/2006) and EN 61326-1	In accordance with the standard requirements of NAMUR NE21 (05/2006) and EN 61326-1	In accordance with the standard requirements of NAMUR NE21 (05/2006) and EN 61326-1
Electrical safety	In accordance with EN 61010-1, over- voltage category II	In accordance with EN 61010-1, over- voltage category II	In accordance with EN 61010-1, over- voltage category II
Gas inlet conditions, purging gas pressure			
Continuous (recommended)	-	30 hPa above atmospheric pressure	-
Continuous (maximum)	-	< 100 hPa above atmospheric pressure	-
Transient (maximum)	-	165 hPa above atmospheric pressure	-
Electrical inputs and outputs			
Analog outputs			1 for each component 0/4 20 mA, floating; load \leq 100 Ω , R _L \leq 750 Ω
Relay outputs	8, with changeover contacts, can be freely configured, e.g. for measuring range identification; max. load rating: 24 V AC/DC/1.7 A (total load for all 8 relay outputs in continuous operation max. 160 W), floating, non-sparking	8, with changeover contacts, can be freely configured, e.g. for measuring range identification; max. load rating: 24 V AC/DC/1.7 A (total load for all 8 relay outputs in continuous operation max. 160 W), floating, non-sparking	5, with changeover contacts, can be freely configured, e.g. for measuring range identification; load rating: 24 V AC/DC/1.7 A, floating, non-spark- ing
Digital inputs	8, designed for 24 V, floating, freely configurable, e.g. for measuring range switchover	8, designed for 24 V, floating, freely configurable, e.g. for measuring range switchover	5, designed for 24 V, floating, can be freely configured, e.g. for measuring range switchover
Ethernet interface Ethernet RJ45, 100 Mbit	Rear	Underside	Underside
Service port Ethernet RJ45, 100 Mbit	Front (behind door)	Inside on the processing unit	Inside on the processing unit
Interface module 1.1	12 relay outputs, with changeover con- tacts, load rating: 24 V AC/DC/1.7 A (total load for all 12 relay outputs in continuous operation max. 244 W), floating, non-sparking 8 digital inputs, designed for 24 V, floating, freely configurable	12 relay outputs, with changeover con- tacts, load rating: 24 V AC/DC/1.7 A (total load for all 12 relay outputs in continuous operation max. 244 W), floating, non-sparking 8 digital inputs, designed for 24 V, floating, freely configurable	-

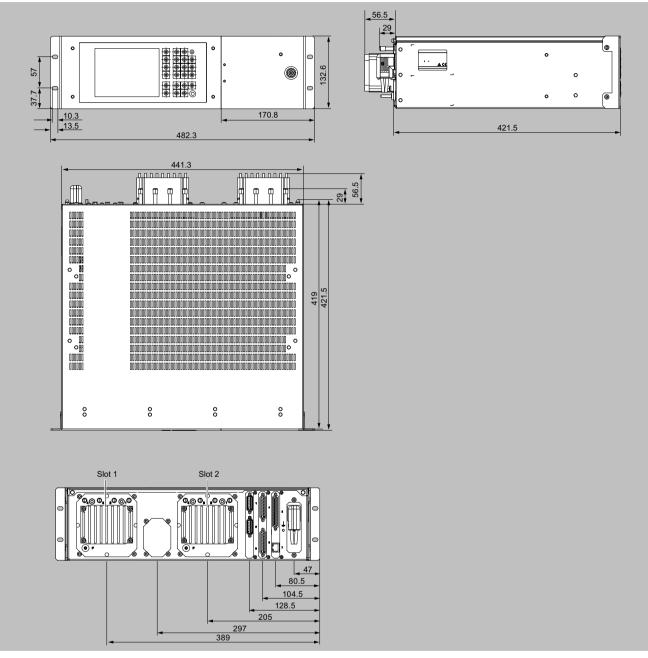
Basic unit

Technical specifications (Continued)

	19" rack unit enclosure	Wall box	Field control unit
Interface module 2.1	1 analog output for each component 0/4 20 mA, floating; load 100 $\Omega \le R_L$ $\le 750 \Omega$; 3 relay outputs per module, load rating: 24 V AC/DC/1.7 A (total load for all 6 relay outputs in continuous operation max. 122 W), floating, non-sparking	1 analog output for each component 0/4 20 mA, floating; load 100 $\Omega \leq R_L$ \leq 750 Ω ; 3 relay outputs per module, load rating: 24 V AC/DC/1.7 A (total load for all 6 relay outputs in continuous operation max. 122 W), floating, non-sparking	-
Interface module 2.2	1 analog output for each component $0/4 \dots 20$ mA, floating; load $100 \Omega \le R_L \le 750 \Omega$; 4 analog inputs $0/4 \dots 20$ mA, non-isolated, internal resistance $\le 100 \Omega$ 4 digital inputs, designed for 24 V, floating	1 analog output for each component 0/4 20 mA, floating; load 100 $\Omega \le R_L \le 750 \Omega$; 4 analog inputs 0/4 20 mA, non-isolated, internal resistance $\le 100 \Omega$ 4 digital inputs, designed for 24 V, floating	4 analog inputs 0/4 20 mA, non-isolated, internal resistance \leq 100 W
Climatic conditions			
Permissible operating altitude	3 000 m above sea level	3 000 m above sea level	2 000 m above sea level
Permissible ambient temperature (with one module; application-depend- ent with two modules)	Depends on application, See technical specifications of the modules Ventilation slots must not be covered (recommended minimum clearance upward from the next device when installing 2 modules and at maximum ambient temperature: min. 1 U)	Depends on application, See technical specifications of the modules	-30 + 70 °C during storage and transportation 5 55 °C for regular operation with OXYMAT 7 5 60 °C for operation with OXYMAT 7 and with limited measuring accuracy
Permissible humidity	< 90% RH (RH: relative humidity), dur- ing storage, transportation and opera- tion (must not fall below dew point)	< 90% RH (RH: relative humidity), dur- ing storage, transportation and opera- tion (must not fall below dew point)	< 90% RH (RH: relative humidity), dur- ing storage, transportation and opera- tion (must not fall below dew point)

Basic unit

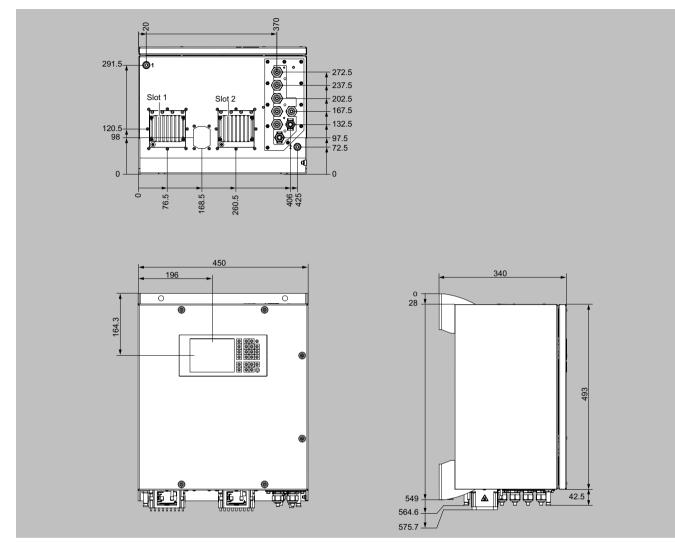
Dimensional drawings



SIPROCESS GA700, rack unit, dimensions in mm

Basic unit

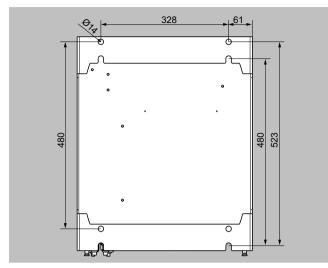
Dimensional drawings (Continued)



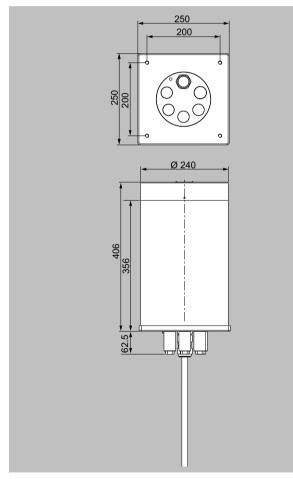
SIPROCESS GA700, wall enclosure, dimensions in mm

Basic unit

Dimensional drawings (Continued)



SIPROCESS GA700, wall enclosure, drilling pattern, dimensions in mm



SIPROCESS GA700, field module, dimensions in mm

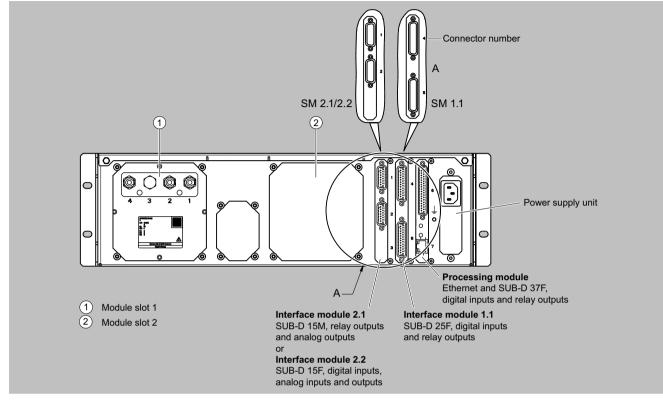
Basic unit

Dimensional drawings (Continued) ٩F 00 O 150 9 0 \bigcirc 0 0 O 210 227 409 Ø11 SIEMENS 304 210 289 449 182 0 臣 8-8 ₿ 612

SIPROCESS GA700, field control unit, dimensions in mm

Basic unit

Circuit diagrams



Connection of the signal cables: Expansion options for interface modules; example of rear wall of rack unit

Possible combinations

You can install a maximum of two analyzer modules in the wall-mounted and rack-mounted enclosures of the SIPROCESS GA700 series. No fixed allocation rules apply. Every module can be operated in every slot.

- The following restrictions must be observed: • Change to measuring frequency required:
- [O7 and O7]: 8.33 Hz (O7 No. 1) 10 Hz (O7 No. 2)
- [O7 and U7]: 10 Hz (O7) 12.5 Hz (U7)]
- Restricted temperature range: [U7 and O7] or [U7 and C7]: 5 to 45 °C
- Restricted smallest measuring range: [U7 and O7]
- NAMUR NE21 does not apply in combination: [C7 and U7] or [C7 and O7]

ULTRAMAT 7 module

Overview



The ULTRAMAT 7 module functions according to the NDIR dualbeam differential mode process and measures gases whose absorption bands in the infrared wavelength range are between 2 and 9 μ m, such as CO, CO₂, CH₄, SO₂ or NO. Up to two components can be measured per module.

Benefits

- High selectivity due to double-layer detector
- Reliable measurements even in complex gas mixtures
- Low detection limits
- Measurements with low concentrations
- Analyzer cells can be cleaned as required on site
- Cost savings due to reuse after contamination
- Corrosion-resistant materials in gas path (option)
- Measurement of highly corrosive sample gases possible
- Heating possible

Application

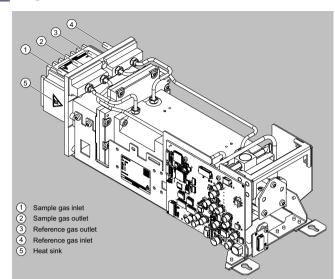
- Measurement for boiler control in combustion plants
- Process gas concentrations in chemical plants
- Trace measurements in pure gas processes
- Environmental protection
- TLV (Threshold Limit Value) monitoring at the workplace
- Quality monitoring
- introduction of flammable gases possible

Special versions

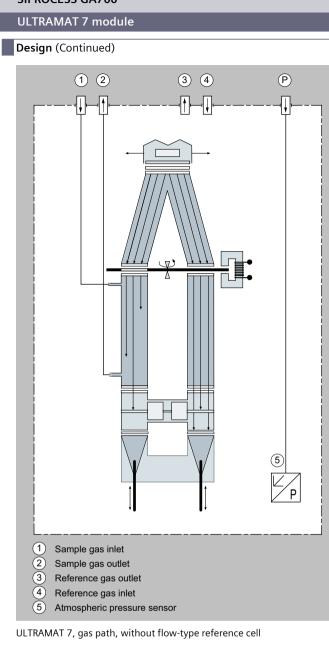
Flow-type reference cell

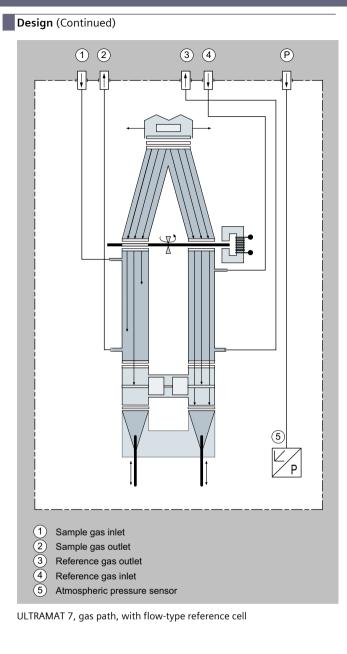
The flow through the reference cell should be adapted to the sample gas flow.

Design



ULTRAMAT 7 design





Mode of operation (Continued)

ULTRAMAT 7 module

Mode of operation

Measuring principle

The measurements are based on the molecular-specific absorption of infrared radiation bands (absorption bands).

ULTRAMAT 7 modules use a spectral range which includes wavelengths of 2 to 9 µm. Although the absorbing wavelengths are characteristic of individual gases, they may partially overlap. This results in cross-sensitivities which are reduced to a minimum by the following measures:

- Beam splitter (gas filter)
- Double-layer detector, each gas compartment with adjustable weighting between the first and second detector layer
- Application-specific pre-installed interference filter

Principle of operation

ULTRAMAT 7 modules operate according to the infrared push-pull chopped radiation principle and are equipped with a double-layer detector.

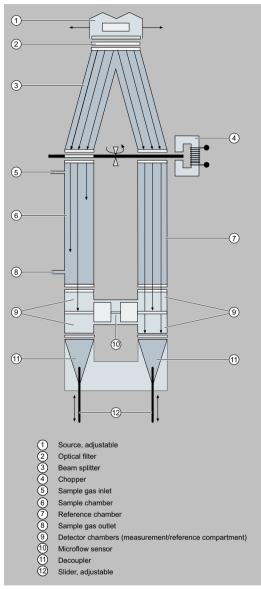
A source with a temperature of approx. 600 °C generates infrared radiation which is emitted in the beam splitter. The beam splitter acts as a filter chamber and divides the beam equally between the sample gas and reference gas compartments.

The chopper produces a periodic modulation of the infrared radiation, and thus enables relaxation of the detector.

The reference beam passes through the reference chamber and enters the detector chamber virtually unattenuated. The detector chamber is filled with a precisely defined concentration of the gas component to be measured. The sample beam, in contrast, passes through the sample chamber filled with sample gas and enters the detector chamber attenuated to various degrees. The degree of attenuation depends on the respective sample gas concentration. The detector is designed as a double-layer detector. The detector layer at the source end serves primarily to absorb the middle of the band. The band edges, however, are absorbed equally by both of the layers.

The detector layers at both compartments of the detector are pneumatically connected to each other via a microflow sensor. This sensor element converts the pressure difference in the detector into an electrical signal.

The weighting between the first and second detector layer is preset at the factory depending on the application. The influence of interfering components is minimized as a result. To ensure the longterm stability of the measured value, the ULTRAMAT 7 module supports the predictive self-diagnostics of the analyzer. This function enables you to plan maintenance measures in a timely manner.



ULTRAMAT 7, principle of operation of the infrared channel

ULTRAMAT 7 module

Function

Main features

- Dimension of measured value freely selectable (e.g. vpm, mg/m³)
- Four freely parameterizable measuring ranges per component
- Measuring ranges with suppressed zero point possible
- Measuring range identification
- Automatic or manual measuring range switchover selectable; remote switching is also possible
- Differential measuring ranges with flow-type reference cell
- Storage of measured values possible during calibration
- Time constants selectable within wide limits (static/dynamic noise damping); i.e. the response time of the device or component can be adapted to the respective measuring task
- Short response time
- Low long-term drift
- Measuring point switchover for up to 4 measuring points (parameterizable)
- Measuring point identification
- Internal pressure sensor for correction of variations in atmospheric pressure in the range 700 to 1 200 hPa absolute
- Automatic measuring range calibration parameterizable
- Operation based on NAMUR recommendation
- Preventive maintenance IR source monitoring
- Sample chamber for use in presence of highly corrosive sample gases, e.g. tantalum inlay sheet or Hastelloy C22 (special application)

Selection and ordering data

ULTRAMAT 7 module		Article No. 7MB3010-		
For measuring IR-absorbing gases				
Click on the Article No. for online configuration	n in the PIA Life Cycle Portal.			
Unavailable combinations are shown	in PIA Life Cycle Portal as "not permitted".			
Module version				
Standard module for 19 inch rack unit enclosur	re and wall box		0	
Heated module 65 °C for wall box			1	
Standard module for hazardous zone 19 inch ra	ack unit enclosure and wall box		2	
Heated Ex module 65 °C for wall box			3	
Measured components ¹⁾	Possible with measuring range identification			
СО	B ²⁾ , C P		A	
CO (selective)	C, D P		В	
CO ₂	A ²⁾ , B P		C	
CH ₄	D ²⁾ , E P		D	
C ₂ H ₄	F ²⁾ , G P		E	
SO ₂	D ²⁾ , E P		F	
NO	E ²⁾ , F J		G	
N ₂ O	D ²⁾ , E P		н	
NH ₃ (dry)	E ²⁾ , F P		J	
CO, NO	E ²⁾ , F, H, R, S		Q	
CO ₂ , CO	E, F, H, J, L, M, P		R	
Smallest measuring range	Largest measuring range			
0 5 vpm	0 100 vpm		A	
0 10 vpm	0 200 vpm		В	
0 20 vpm	0 400 vpm		C	
0 50 vpm	0 1 000 vpm		D	
0 100 vpm	0 1 000 vpm		E	
0 300 vpm	0 3 000 vpm		F	
0 500 vpm	0 5 000 vpm		G	

ULTRAMAT 7 module

Selection and ordering data (Continued)

ULTRAMAT 7 module For measuring IR-absorbing gases		Article No. 7MB3010-	• • • • • - • A • •
0 1 000 vpm	0 10 000 vpm		н
0 3 000 vpm	0 30 000 vpm		J
0 5 000 vpm	0 50 000 vpm		к
01%	0 10%		L
03%	0 30%		м
05%	0 50%		N
010%	0 100%		Р
030%	0 300%		Q
0 100 vpm (CO), 0 300 vpm (NO)	0 1 000 vpm CO, NO		R
0 300 vpm (CO), 0 500 vpm (NO)	0 3 000 vpm CO, NO		S
Material: Gas paths, sample chambers			
Gas path	Sample chamber		
Pipe made of stainless steel	With aluminum lining		1
Pipe made of stainless steel	• With tantalum lining ³⁾		2
Pipe made of Hastelloy	• With tantalum lining ³⁾		3
Reference gas chamber			
Non-flow-type			0
Flow-type			1
Pressure compensation			
Atmospheric pressure compensation			0
Module version			
For 19 inch rack enclosure			A
For wall box			В
Version			
Standard			0

¹⁾ C₂H₂, C₂H₆, C₃H₆, C₃H₈, C₄H₆, C₄H₁₀, C₆H₁₄, H₂O and additional measured components possible as 7MB3017.. special application.
 ²⁾ Not possible in combination with an OXYMAT 7 module.
 ³⁾ Only for chamber length 20 ... 180 mm.

Options	Order code
Add "- Z " to article number and then add order code	
Settings	
Kalrez (6375) gaskets in sample gas path	B04
Clean for O2 service (specially cleaned gas path)	B06
Measuring range indication in plain text, if differ- ent from default setting	Y11
Special setting (only together with an application no., e.g. extended measuring range)	Y12
Extended special setting (only in conjunction with an application no., e.g. determination of cross-interferences)	Y13
Basic unit module assignment number	D00 D99

Note

See order example under "More information".

Extractive continuous process gas analysis SIPROCESS GA700

ULTRAMAT 7 module

Technical specifications

The technical specifications are based on the definitions of EN 61207-1. Unless specified otherwise, the data listed below relates to the following measurement conditions:

Measuring conditions	
Ambient temperature	25 °C
Atmospheric pressure	Atmospheric (approx. 1 000 hPa)
Sample gas flow	0.6 l/min (or Nl/min)
Sample gas humidity	Dew point < -40 °C
Site of installation	Vibration- and impact-free

General information Max. 5.2 kg (standard version) Measuring ranges Number of measuring ranges Number of measuring ranges Max. 4; parameters can be assigned freely Parameters can be assigned in the measuring ranges CO: 0 10 vpm • Smallest possible measuring span CO: 0 10 vpm Cy: 0 50 vpm Cy-Hz (-0 300 vpm No: 0 100 vpm CO: 0 100 vpm No: 0 100 vpm CO: 0 100 vpm No: 0 100 vpm CO: 0 100 vpm CO: 0 100 vpm CO: 0 100 vpm No: 0 100 vpm CO: 0 100 vpm CO: 0 100 vpm CO: 0 100 vpm CO: 0 100 vpm CO: 0 100 vpm CO: 0 100 vpm CO: 0 100% CO: 0 100 vpm CO: 0 100% CO: 0 100% CO: 0 100% CO: 0 100% CO: 0 100% Sory: 0 30 000 vpm CO: 0 100% Ny: 0 100% CO: 0 100% Sory: 0 10% <td< th=""><th colspan="3">ULTRAMAT 7 module</th></td<>	ULTRAMAT 7 module		
Weasuring rangesNumber of measuring rangesParameters can be assigned in the measuring ranges• Smallest possible measuring span• Smallest possible measuring span• C: 0 10 vpm CQ: 0 5 vpm $C_{H:} 0 300 vpmSQ: 0 50 vpmNQ: 0 100 vpmCQ/CO: 0 100 vpmCQ/CO: 0 100 vpmCQ: 0 100 vp$	General information		
Number of measuring rangesMax. 4; parameters can be assigned freelyParameters can be assigned in the measuring rangesSmallest possible measuring spanC: 0 10 vpm CO: 0 50 vpm CH: 0 50 vpm N: 0.0 100 vpm CO/IO: 0 100% CO: 0 100% <th>Weight</th> <th>Max. 5.2 kg (standard version)</th>	Weight	Max. 5.2 kg (standard version)	
Parameters can be assigned in the measuring rangesSmallest possible measuring spanCO: 0 10 vpm CO: 0 50 vpm CH: 0 50 vpm CH: 0 50 vpm 	Measuring ranges		
ing rangesC• Smallest possible measuring spanC: 0 10 vpm C; 0 50 vpm C; 4; 0 50 vpm S; 0 50 vpm N; 0 300 vpm S; 0 50 vpm N; 0 300 vpm N; 0 300 vpm N; 0 300 vpm N; 0 100 vpm CO/NO: 0 100 vpm CO/CO: 0 100% CS; 0 100% No: 0 100% So: 0 100% No: 0 100% No: 0 100% So: 0 100% No: 0 100% So: 0 100% So: 0 100% No: 0 100% So: 0 100% So: 0 100% No: 0 100% So: 0 100% <br< td=""><td>Number of measuring ranges</td><td>Max. 4; parameters can be assigned freely</td></br<>	Number of measuring ranges	Max. 4; parameters can be assigned freely	
$C_{14} : 0 \dots 300 \text{ ypm} \\ C_{14} : 0 \dots 300 \text{ ypm} \\ C_{14} : 0 \dots 300 \text{ ypm} \\ S_{0} : 0 \dots 50 \text{ ypm} \\ S_{0} : 0 \dots 100 \text{ ypm} \\ N_{0} : 0 \dots 100 \text{ ypm} \\ N_{0} : 0 \dots 100 \text{ ypm} \\ C_{0} : (0 \dots 100 \text{ ypm} \\ N_{0} : (0 \dots 100 \text{ ypm} \\ C_{0} : (0 \dots 100 \text{ ypm}$			
CO2: 0 100% CH4: 0 100% CH4: 0 100% SO2: 0 100% NO: 0 30 000 vpm N20: 0 100% SO2: 0 100% SO2: 0 100% CO2/CO: 0 100% CO2/CO: 0 100%Gas inlet conditions Sample gas pressure • Standard pressure (atmospheric pressure compensation)500 to 1 500 hPa (absolute)Pressure drop between sample gas inlet and sample gas outlet500 to 1 500 hPa (absolute)Sample gas flow18 90 l/h (0.3 1.5 l/min) O 50 °CSample gas temperature Response characteristics0 50 °CVarm-up period at room temperature Response characteristics2 hSignal rise time (T ₁₀)Application-specific (max. 3.6 s)Signal rise time (T ₁₀) or fall time (T ₁) with application-specific electronic damping of 10 sApprox. 1 sTime for device-internal signal processing TvApprox. 1 sMeasuring response Output signal fluctuation $\leq \pm 1\%$ of smallest measuring range acc. to nameplate $< \pm 1\%$ of smallest measuring range acc. to nameplate $< \pm 1\%$ of the current measuring range per	Smallest possible measuring span	CO ₂ : 0 5 vpm CH ₄ : 0 50 vpm C ₂ H ₄ : 0 300 vpm SO ₂ : 0 50 vpm NO: 0 100 vpm N ₂ O: 0 50 vpm NH ₃ : 0 100 vpm CO/NO: 0 100 vpm	
Sample gas pressure500 to 1 500 hPa (absolute)• Standard pressure (atmospheric pressure compensation)500 to 1 500 hPa (absolute)Pressure drop between sample gas inlet and sample gas outlet< 10 hPa at 1.5 l/min	Largest possible measuring span	CO ₂ : 0 100% CH ₄ : 0 100% C ₂ H ₄ : 0 100% NO: 0 30 000 vpm N ₂ O: 0 100% NH ₃ : 0 100% CO/NO: 0 100%	
• Standard pressure (atmospheric pressure compensation)500 to 1 500 hPa (absolute)Pressure drop between sample gas inlet and sample gas outlet< 10 hPa at 1.5 l/min	Gas inlet conditions		
compensation)4Pressure drop between sample gas inlet and sample gas outlet< 10 hPa at 1.5 l/min	Sample gas pressure		
sample gas outlet18 90 l/h (0.3 1.5 l/min)Sample gas flow18 90 l/h (0.3 1.5 l/min)Sample gas temperature0 50 °CSample gas humidity (rel. humidity) $< 90\%$ (condensation inside the gas path is to be avoided)Time response $< 2 h$ Warm-up period at room temperature $< 2 h$ Response characteristics $< 1 h$ • Dead time (T ₁₀)Application-specific (max. 3.6 s)• Signal rise time (T ₁) or fall time (T ₁) with application-specific electronic damping of 10 sApplication specific < 14 s		500 to 1 500 hPa (absolute)	
Sample gas temperature $0 \dots 50 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Sample gas humidity (rel. humidity) < 90% (condensation inside the gas path is to be avoided)		< 10 hPa at 1.5 l/min	
Sample gas humidity (rel. humidity) < 90% (condensation inside the gas path is to be avoided)	Sample gas flow	18 90 l/h (0.3 1.5 l/min)	
to be avoided)Time responseWarm-up period at room temperature Response characteristics• Dead time (T_{10}) • Dead time (T_{10}) • Signal rise time (T_r) or fall time (T_r) with application-specific electronic damping of $10 s$ • Time for device-internal signal processing T_{v} • Delayed display T_{90} Measuring responseOutput signal fluctuation $\leq \pm 1\%$ of smallest measuring range acc. to nameplateZero point driftMeasured value drift $\leq 1\%$ of the current measuring range per	Sample gas temperature	0 50 °C	
Warm-up period at room temperature < 2 h	Sample gas humidity (rel. humidity)		
Response characteristics Application-specific (max. 3.6 s) • Dead time (T_{10}) Application-specific (max. 3.6 s) • Signal rise time (T_i) or fall time (T_i) with application-specific electronic damping of 10 s Application specific < 14 s	•	.21	
• Dead time (T_{10}) Application-specific (max. 3.6 s) • Signal rise time (T_r) or fall time (T_t) with application-specific electronic damping of 10 s Application specific < 14 s		< 2 11	
application-specific electronic damping of 10 s Approx. 1 s • Time for device-internal signal processing T_v Approx. 1 s • Delayed display T_{90} $T_{90} < T_{10} + T_{eff} + T_v$ applies Measuring response $\leq \pm 1\%$ of smallest measuring range acc. to nameplate Zero point drift $< \pm 1\%$ /week of smallest measuring range acc. to nameplate Measured value drift $\leq 1\%$ of the current measuring range per		Application-specific (max. 3.6 s)	
T_v • Delayed display T_{90} Measuring response $T_{90} < T_{10} + T_{eff} + T_v$ applies Output signal fluctuation $\leq \pm 1\%$ of smallest measuring range acc. to nameplate Zero point drift $<\pm 1\%$ /week of smallest measuring range acc. to nameplate Measured value drift $\leq 1\%$ of the current measuring range per	application-specific electronic damping of	Application specific < 14 s	
$T_{90} < T_{10} + T_{ref} + T_v$ applies Measuring response Output signal fluctuation $\leq \pm 1\%$ of smallest measuring range acc. to nameplate Zero point drift $< \pm 1\%$ /week of smallest measuring range acc. to nameplate Measured value drift $\leq 1\%$ of the current measuring range per		Approx. 1 s	
Output signal fluctuation ≤ ± 1% of smallest measuring range acc. to nameplate Zero point drift < ± 1%/week of smallest measuring range acc. to nameplate	• Delayed display T ₉₀	$T_{90} < T_{10} + T_{rlf} + T_v$ applies	
nameplate Zero point drift < ± 1%/week of smallest measuring range acc. to nameplate	Measuring response		
acc. to nameplate Measured value drift ≤ 1% of the current measuring range per	Output signal fluctuation		
	Zero point drift		
	Measured value drift	\leq 1% of the current measuring range per week	

Technical specifications (Continued)

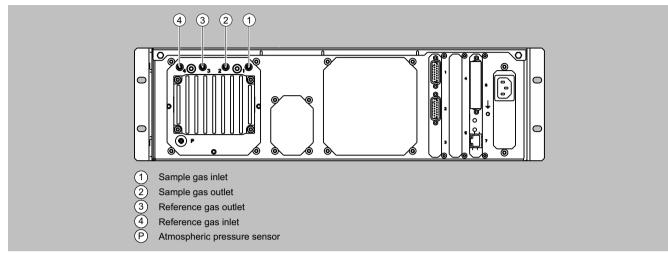
Repeatability	$\leq \pm 1\%$ of the current measuring range end
Repeatability	value
Linearity error	< ± 0.5% of the current measuring range end value
Influencing variables	
Ambient temperature	
Measured value	≤ 1% of the current measuring range/10 K (at constant receiver cell temperature)
Sample gas pressure	
Without pressure compensation	\leq 1.5% of the current measuring range/1% pressure variation
With pressure compensation switched on	\leq 0.15% of the current measuring range/1% pressure variation
Sample gas flow	≤ 1% of the current measuring range end value/0.1 I/min change in flow
Supply voltage	\leq 0.1% of the current measuring range (within the nominal range of use)
Electrical outputs	
Analog and digital interfaces	See basic unit
Climatic conditions	
Storage and transport	-30 70 °C
Permissible ambient temperature (during operation in basic unit) ¹⁾	5 45 °C
Relative humidity (RH) during storage, transport or operation	< 90% (condensation on the installed com- ponents is to be avoided)
Gas connections	
Connection fittings	Pipe connection with 6 mm outer diameter
Materials of wetted parts	
Bushing	Stainless steel mat. no. 1.4571, Hastelloy C22
Pipe	Stainless steel mat. no. 1.4571, Hastelloy C22, O-ring: FKM (e.g. Viton) or FFKM (Kalrez 6375)
Sample chamber	
• Body	Aluminum
• Lining	Aluminum, tantalum
• Window	CaF ₂ , adhesive: E353, O-ring: FKM (e.g. Viton) or FFKM (Kalrez 6375)

¹⁾ Applies also in combination with OXYMAT 7 or CALOMAT 7 modules

ULTRAMAT 7 module

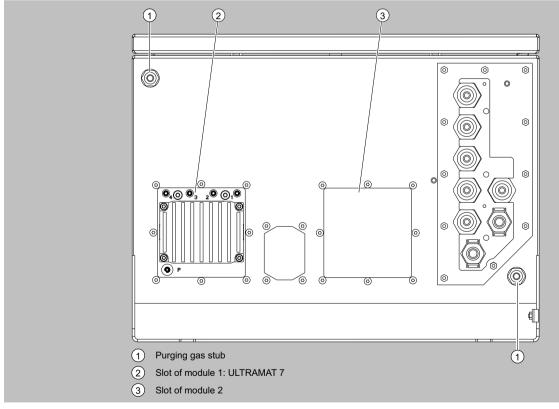
Circuit diagrams

Gas connections



The sample gas connections and the reference gas connections are made of stainless steel, mat. no. 1.4404. The gas connections are designed as connection fittings with a pipe diameter of 6 mm.

Wall-mounted device



Wall-mounted device, bottom

ULTRAMAT 7 module

More information

Ordering example

ULTRAMAT 7 module installed in rack-mounted enclosure 7MB3000-0BX00-1AA0-Z+D03 7MB3010-0AB10-0AA0-Z+D03 ULTRAMAT 7 module and rack-mounted enclosure supplied unassembled 7MB3000-0BX00-1AA0 7MB3010-0AB10-0AA0

OXYMAT 7 module

Overview



The function of the OXYMAT 7 module is based on the paramagnetic alternating pressure method and is used to measure oxygen in gases.

Benefits

Paramagnetic alternating pressure principle

- Small measuring ranges (0 to 0.5% or 99.5 to 100% O₂)
- Absolute linearity

Detector element has no contact with the sample gas

- Applicable in the absence of corrosive sample gases
- Long service life
- High-heated variant

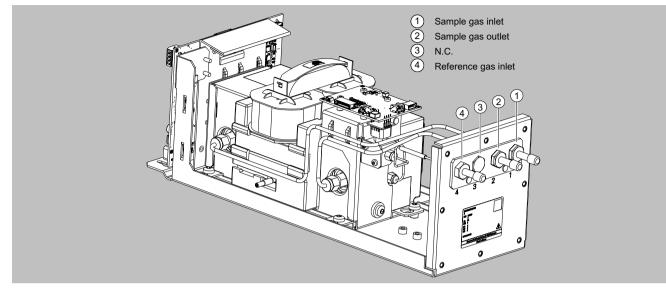
Physically suppressed zero point possible, e.g. in the measuring range 98% or 99.5% to 100% O_2 Ex (p) for Zones 1 and 2 according to ATEX-/IECEx approval, introduction of flammable gases possible

Application

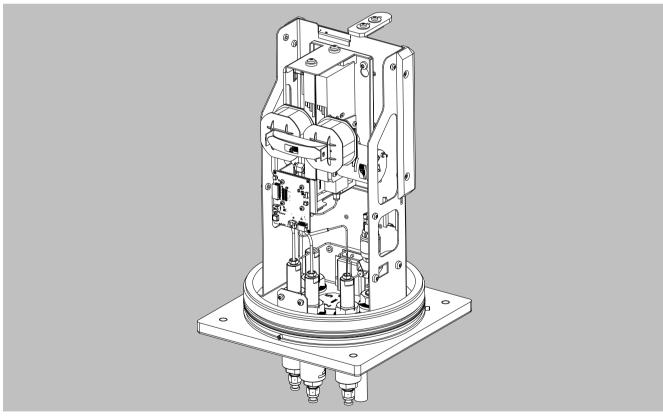
- For boiler control in combustion plants
- In chemical plants
- For ultra-pure gas quality monitoring
- In environmental protection
- For quality control
- Purity control/air separator
- Versions for analyzing flammable and non-flammable gases or vapors for use in hazardous areas

OXYMAT 7 module

Design



Design of high-pressure version, standard module, sample gas path with pipes



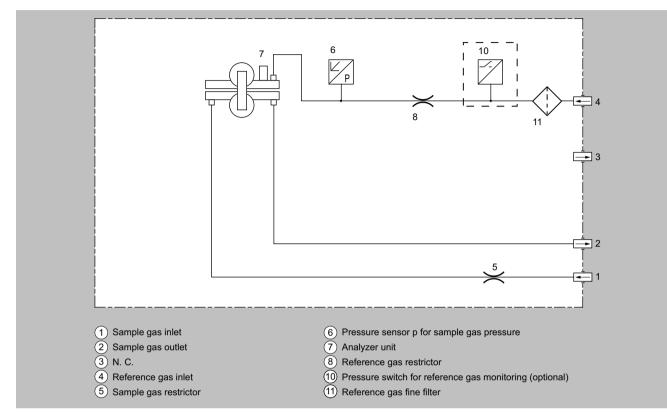
Design of high-pressure version, field module, sample gas path with pipes

OXYMAT 7 module

Design (Continued)

Gas path

High-pressure version with optional pressure switch for monitoring reference gas pressure



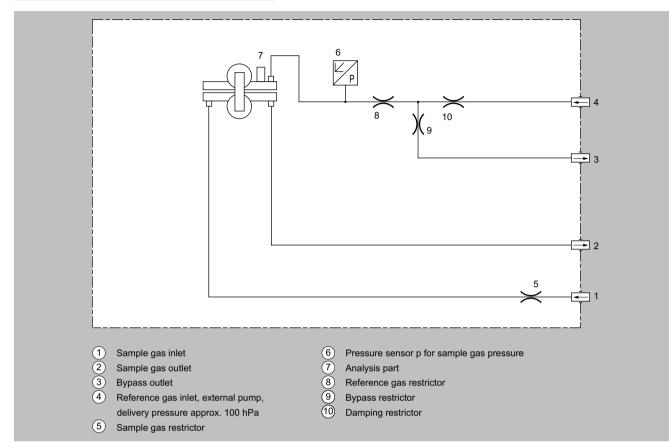
Gas path plan, high-pressure version with optional pressure switch for monitoring reference gas pressure

High-pressure version with optional pressure switch for monitoring reference gas pressure	
Reference gas pressure	2 000 4 000 hPa above sample gas pressure, but max. 5 000 hPa
Sample gas pressure	
• With hoses	500 1 500 hPa (abs.)
• With pipes	500 2 500 hPa (abs.) with internal pressure sensor 500 3 000 hPa (abs.) with external pressure sensor
Sample gas path	With hoses or with pipes

OXYMAT 7 module

Design (Continued)

Low-pressure version with external reference gas pump



Gas path plan, low-pressure with external reference gas pump, with hoses

Low-pressure version with external reference gas pump					
Reference gas pressure100 hPa above the sample gas pressure (low-pressure version) for the connection of an external pump					
ample gas pressure	Atmospheric pressure ± 50 hPa				
Sample gas path With hoses					
Reference gas path With hoses					

OXYMAT 7 module

Mode of operation

Oxygen is highly paramagnetic. This outstanding property of paramagnetism is used as a physical measuring effect for oxygen analysis.

Oxygen molecules in an inhomogeneous magnetic field always move toward the higher field strength. This results in a higher oxygen concentration where the field strength is higher (higher oxygen partial pressure). If two gases with differing oxygen content are combined in a magnetic field, a (O₂ partial) pressure difference arises between them.

Since the measuring effect is always based on the difference of the oxygen content of the two gases, one refers to the sample and reference gases.

For measuring oxygen in the OXYMAT 7, the reference gas $(N_2, O_2 \text{ or air})$ flows through two channels into the sample chamber (6). One of these partial flows enters the measuring chamber (7) in the area of the magnetic field. If the sample gas is O_2 -free, the reference gas can flow out freely. If the sample gas does contain O_2 , however, the oxygen molecules concentrate in the area of the magnetic field. The reference gas can then no longer flow off freely. An alternating pressure results between the two reference gas in lets. This pulsates in step with the magnetic field and depends on the oxygen concentration. This causes an alternating flow in the microflow sensor (4).

The microflow sensor consists of two nickel-plated grids heated to approximately 120°C, which, along with two supplementary resistors, form a Wheatstone bridge. The alternating flow results in a change in the resistance of the nickel-plated grids. The resulting offset in the bridge is a measure of the concentration of oxygen in the sample gas.

Because the microflow sensor is located in the reference gas flow, the measurement is not influenced by the thermal conductivity, the specific heat or the internal friction of the sample gas. Additionally, the microflow sensor is protected through this arrangement from corrosion caused by the sample gas.

Further information

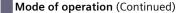
The oscillating magnetic field (8) means that the basic flow at the microflow sensor is not detected. The measurement is, thus, independent of the module's operating position or the position of the sample chamber.

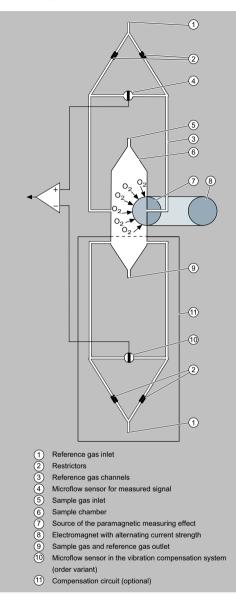
The sample chamber is directly in the sample path and has a small volume, and the microflow sensor is a low-lag sensor. As a result, extremely short response times are realized.

Vibrations at the installation site can interfere with the measured signal (e.g. large fluctuations in the output signal). This behavior can be compensated for by a second (optional) microflow sensor (10), which functions as a vibration sensor. Since large differences in density between the sample and reference gases further amplify the undesired influence of vibration, reference gas is channeled to both the compensation microflow sensor (10) and the sample microflow sensor (4).

The sample gases must be fed into the analyzers free of dust. Condensation in the sample chambers must be prevented. Therefore, the use of gas modified for the measuring task is necessary in most application cases.

Flowing reference gas prevents the microflow sensor from being damaged and maintains the measurement capability of the module.





OXYMAT 7, principle of operation

OXYMAT 7 module

Function

Main features

Technical features

Depending on the reference gas, the physical zero point can be set between 0% and 100% oxygen.

- Smallest measuring spans (down to 0.5% O₂) possible
- Measuring ranges with physically suppressed zero points possible (e.g. 99.5% to 100%)
- Short response time
- Low long-term drift
- Monitoring of reference gas pressure with reference gas connection 2 500 to 5 000 hPa (abs.) (option): reference gas pressure must be 2 000 ± 150 hPa higher than the sample gas pressure

Features

- Internal pressure sensor for correction of pressure variations in sample gas in the range from 500 to 2 500 hPa (absolute)
- External pressure sensor only with piping as the gas path can be connected for correction of variations in the sample gas pressure up to 3 000 hPa absolute (option)
- Monitoring of reference gas (option)
- Analysis part with flow-type compensation circuit as an order variant for reducing the vibration impact at the installation site
- For sample gas path with hoses: Connection cable to the pressure sensor with hoses
- Hardware adapted to application
- Customer-specific device designs, such as:
- Clean for O₂ service (specially cleaned gas path)
- Kalrez-6375 gaskets

Reference gases for OXYMAT 7

Measuring range	Recommended reference gas	Reference gas connection pres- sure	Comments
0 to vol.% O ₂	N ₂	2 000 4 000 hPa above sample gas pressure (max. 5 000 hPa absolute)	The reference gas flow is set automatic- ally to 5 10 ml/min (up to 20 ml/min
to 100 vol.% O ₂ ¹⁾	O ₂	2 000 4 000 hPa above sample gas pressure (max. 5 000 hPa absolute)	with flow-type compensation branch)
Approx. 21 vol.% O ₂ ²⁾	Air	100 hPa with respect to sample gas pressure, which may vary by max. 50 hPa around the air pressure	

 $^{1)}$ Suppressed zero point with measuring range end value 100 vol.% O_2

²⁾ Suppressed zero point with 21 vol.% O_2 within the measuring span.

Correction of zero-point error/cross-sensitivities

Accompanying gas (concentration 100 vol.%)	Zero point deviation in vol.% O2 absolute
Organic gases	
Ethane C ₂ H ₆	-0.49
Ethene (ethylene) C ₂ H ₄	-0.22
Ethine (acetylene) C ₂ H ₂	-0.29
1,2-butadiene C ₄ H ₆	-0.65
1,3-butadiene C ₄ H ₆	-0.49
N-butane C ₄ H ₁₀	-1.26
Isobutane C ₄ H ₁₀	-1.30
1-butene C ₄ H ₈	-0.96
Isobutene C ₄ H ₈	-1.06
Dichlorodifluoromethane (R12) CCl ₂ F ₂	-1.32
Acetic acid CH ₃ COOH	-0.64
N-heptane C ₇ H ₁₆	-2.40
N-hexane C ₆ H ₁₄	-2.02
Cyclo-hexane C ₆ H ₁₂	-1.84
Methane CH ₄	-0.18
Methanol CH ₃ OH	-0.31

OXYMAT 7 module

Function ((Continued)

Accompanying gas (concentration 100 vol.%)	Zero point deviation in vol.% O2 absolute
N-octane C ₈ H ₁₈	-2.78
N-pentane C ₅ H ₁₂	-1.68
Isopentane C ₅ H ₁₂	-1.49
Propane C ₃ H ₈	-0.87
Propylene C ₃ H ₆	-0.64
Trichlorofluoromethane (R11) CCl ₃ F	-1.63
Vinyl chloride C ₂ H ₃ Cl	-0.77
Vinyl fluoride C_2H_3F	-0.55
1,1 vinylidene chloride C ₂ H ₂ Cl ₂	-1.22
Inert gases	
Helium He	+0.33
Neon Ne	+0.17
Argon Ar	-0.25
Krypton Kr	-0.55
Xenon Xe	-1.05
Inorganic gases	
Ammonia NH3	-0.20
Hydrogen bromide HBr	-0.76
Chlorine Cl ₂	-0.94
Hydrogen chloride HCl	-0.35
Dinitrogen monoxide N ₂ O	-0.23
Hydrogen fluoride HF	+0.10
Hydrogen iodide HI	-1.19
Carbon dioxide CO ₂	-0.30
Carbon monoxide CO	+0.07
Nitrogen oxide NO	+42.94
Nitrogen N ₂	0.00
Nitrogen dioxide NO ₂	+20.00
Sulfur dioxide SO ₂	-0.20
Sulfur hexafluoride SF ₆	-1.05
Hydrogen sulfide H ₂ S	-0.44
Water H ₂ O	-0.03
Hydrogen H ₂	+0.26

Zero point error due to diamagnetism or paramagnetism of some accompanying gases with reference to nitrogen at 60 °C und 1 000 hPa absolute (according to IEC 1207/3)

Conversion to other temperatures:

The zero point deviations listed in the table must be multiplied by an adjustment factor (k):

• with diamagnetic gases: $k = 333 \text{ K} / (\vartheta [^{\circ}C] + 273 \text{ K})$

• with paramagnetic gases: $k = [333 \text{ K} / (\vartheta [^{\circ}\text{C}] + 273 \text{ K})]^2$

All diamagnetic gases have a negative deviation from zero point.

OXYMAT 7 module

Selection and ordering data

OXYMAT 7 module For measurement of oxygen			Article No. 7MB3020-	•	•	•	•	0	-	• A	A	•
Click on the Article No. for online cor	nfiguration in the PIA Life Cycle Port	al.										
Unavailable combinations are	e shown in PIA Life Cycle Port	al as "not permitted".										
Module version												
Standard module (for 19 inch rack ur	nit enclosure and wall box)			0								
Standard module, high temperature	standard module, high temperature 130 °C (for wall box)			1								
Standard module for hazardous zone	(for 19 inch rack unit enclosure an	d wall box)		2								
Standard module, high temperature	for hazardous zone 130 °C (for wall	box)		3								
Field module for field enclosure Ex d	without purging gas connections			4								
Field module for field enclosure Ex d	with purging gas connections			5								
Reference gas pressure												
Low-pressure version 100 hPa (for co	onnecting an external pump; withou	it pressure switch)			A							
High pressure (2 000 4 000 hPa ab	oove sample gas pressure)				С							
High pressure (2 000 4 000 hPa ab	igh pressure (2 000 4 000 hPa above sample gas pressure), with pressure switch				D							
Smallest possible measuring span												
0.5%						В						
1%						С						
2%						D						
5%						Е						
Material: gas paths, sample chamb	ers, gaskets											
Gas path	Sample chamber	Gasket										
Hose made of FKM (Viton)	• Stainless steel (1.4571)	FKM (Viton)					0					
Pipe made of stainless steel (1.4404)	• Stainless steel (1.4571)	• FKM / Ex: Kalrez (6375)					1					
Pipe made of Hastelloy C22	Hastelloy C22	• Kalrez (6375)					2					
• High-temperature gas path, pipe made of stainless steel (1.4571)	• Stainless steel (1.4571)	• Kalrez (6375)					4					
High-temperature gas path, pipe made of Hastelloy C22	Hastelloy C22	• Kalrez (6375)					5					
Vibration compensation												
Without										0		
With										1		
Version												
Standard												0

C	Options	Order code
	Add "- Z " to article number and then add order code	
•	Settings	
ł	Kalrez (6375) gaskets in sample gas path	B04
(Clean for O2 service (specially cleaned gas path)	B06
E	Emission software for Korea	B51
	Measuring range indication in plain text, if differ- ent from default setting	Y11
	Exclusively for measuring non-toxic sample gases (field device only)	Y16
E	Basic unit module assignment number	D00 D99

Note

See order example under "More information".

OXYMAT 7 module

OXYMAT 7 module					
At the zero point	$\leq \pm 0.5\%$ of the smallest measuring span/month or $\leq \pm 50$ vpm O ₂ /month whichever is greater				
• For span gas	$\leq \pm 0.5\%$ of the current measuring span/month or $\leq \pm 50$ vpm O ₂ /month whichever is greater				
Repeatability					
At the zero point	$\leq \pm 0.5\%$ of the smallest measuring sp $\leq \pm 50$ vpm O ₂ , whichever is greater				
• For span gas	$\leq \pm 0.5\%$ of the current measuring span/month or $\leq \pm 50$ vpm O ₂ , which greater				
Linearity error with dry ambient air ¹⁾	< 0.1%				
Influencing variables					
Ambient temperature					
Deviation at zero point	\leq 0.5% of the smallest measuring spa or \leq 50 vpm O ₂ /10 K, whichever is gr				
Deviation of the span gas	\leq 0.5% of the current measuring spa or \leq 50 vpm O ₂ /10 K, whichever is gr				
Sample gas pressure					
Deviation at zero point	\leq 0.2% of the smallest measuring spa pressure variation or \leq 50 vpm O ₂ /1% sure variation, whichever is greater				
Deviation of the span gas	\leq 0.2% of the current measuring spa pressure variation or \leq 50 vpm O ₂ /1% sure variation, whichever is greater				
Sample gas flow					
Deviation at zero point	\leq 1% of smallest measuring span per 0.1 l/min change in flow or \leq 50 vpm 0.1 l/min change in flow within the p ible flow range (0.3 to 1 l/min), whic greater				
• Deviation of the span gas	\leq 1% of current measuring span per 0.1 l/min change in flow or \leq 50 vpm 0.1 l/min change in flow within the p ible flow range (0.3 to 1 l/min), whic greater				
Accompanying gases	Zero point deviation (cross-sensitivity accordance with Table A.1 of EN 612				
Supply voltage	< 0.1% of the current measuring spa- in the nominal range of use)				
Electrical inputs and outputs					
Analog and digital interfaces	See basic unit				
Gas connections					
Connection fittings	Pipe connection with 6 mm outer dia				
Climatic conditions					
Storage and transport	-30 70 °C				
Permissible ambient temperature ²⁾	0 50 °C				
Relative humidity (RH) during storage, transport or operation	< 90% (condensation on the installed ponents is to be avoided)				

 ¹⁾ Untreated ambient air contains less than 20.95% O₂ (literature value) since existing humidity of the oxygen content is decreased relatively.
 ²⁾ Restriction for installing together with an ULTRAMAT 7 module: 5 ... 45 °C.

Technical specifications

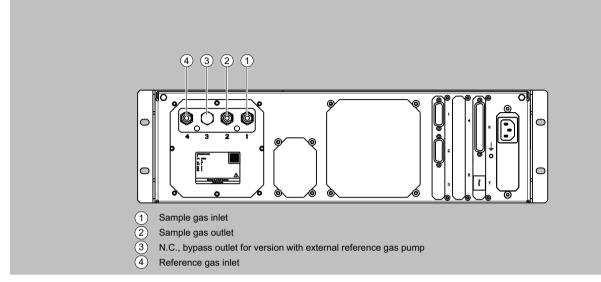
The technical specifications are based on the definitions of EN 61207-1. Unless specified otherwise, the data listed below relates to the following measurement conditions:

Measuring conditions	
Ambient temperature	25 °C
Atmospheric pressure	Atmospheric (approx. 1 000 hPa)
Sample gas flow	0.6 l/min (or Nl/min)
Reference gas	Nitrogen
Site of installation	Vibration- and impact-free

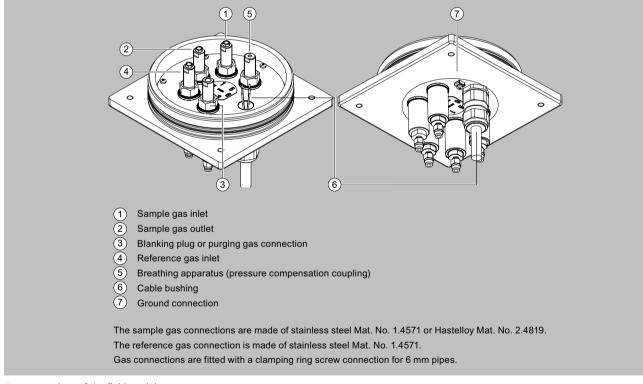
General information Approx. 5.5 kg (standard version) Measuring ranges Number of measuring ranges Number of measuring ranges Max. 4; parameters can be assigned freely Parameters can be assigned in the measuring ranges 0.5%, 1%, 2% or 5% O ₂ • Smallest possible measuring span 0.0% O ₂ Gas inlet conditions Sample gas pressure • Standard devices with hoses 500 1 500 hPa (abs.) • Standard devices with hoses and ext. RG pump Atmospheric pressure ± 50 hPa • Fiel module 500 2 500 hPa (abs.) • Fiel module 500 2 500 hPa (abs.) • Fiel module 800 1 100 hPa (abs.) • Fiel module 2 000 hPa above sample gas pressure (with-in the permissible reference gas pressure range 2 500 5 000 hPa, (abs.) • For flammable gases 500 2 500 hPa (abs.) • Low-pressure connection with external ref- 100 hPa above sample gas pressure range 2 500 5 000 hPa, abs.) • Low-pressure connection with external ref- 100 hPa at 1/min sample gas temperature 2 000 hPa above sample gas pressure • Gor C sample gas temperature Sample gas temperature 4 pprox. 72 °C Time response Approx. 72 °C <t< th=""><th>OXYMAT 7 module</th><th></th></t<>	OXYMAT 7 module				
Measuring rangesNumber of measuring rangesNumber of measuring rangesParameters can be assigned in the measuring rangesSmallest possible measuring span0.5%, 1%, 2% or 5% O2Largest possible measuring span100% O2Gas inlet conditionsSample gas pressure• Standard devices with hoses• Standard devices with hoses and ext. RG pump• Standard devices with hoses and ext. RG pump• Standard devices with pipes• Standard devices with pipes• Field module• For non-flammable gases• For non-flammable gases up to gas mixtures which are occasionally explosiveReference gas pressure• High-pressure connection• High-pressure connection with external reference gas pressure connection with external reference gas pumpPressure drop between sample gas inlet and sample gas loutetSample gas flowSample gas loutetSample gas loutetSample gas loutetSample gas lowSample gas low of 1 NI/min.• Delayed display Tago with an electronic damping setting of 0's and a sample gas resouring span (noise bandwidth correspons to 1% flow of 1 NI/min.• Delayed display Tago• Delayed display Tago<	General information				
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to nameplate (with vibration compensation activated: < 1.5 times the value)	ing constant of 0 s and dynamic noise damp-	bandwidth corresponds to $1\% = 6\sigma$ value or $0.333\% = 2\sigma$ value), with vibration compens-			
Measured value drift	Detection limit	to nameplate (with vibration compensation			
	Measured value drift				

OXYMAT 7 module

Circuit diagrams

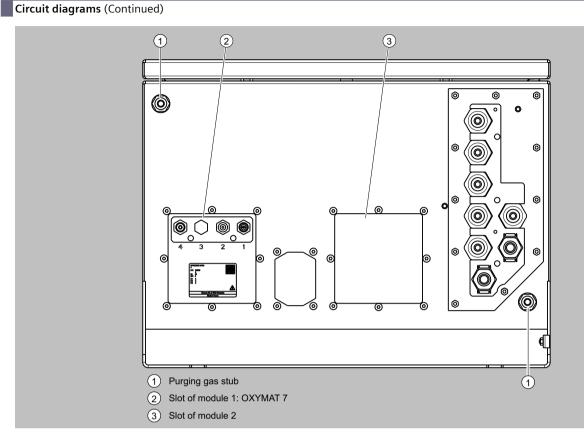


Gas connections for sample gas inlet and outlet, reference gas: Fittings, 6 mm pipe diameter



Gas connections of the field module

OXYMAT 7 module



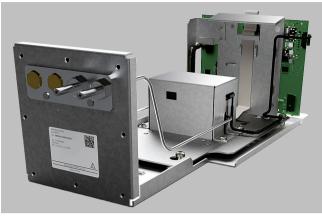
Wall-mounted device, bottom

More information

Ordering example OXYMAT 7 module installed in wall box 7MB3000-3AX00-1AA0-Z+D02 7MB3020-0CE00-0AA0-Z+D02 OXYMAT 7 module and ULTRAMAT 7 module built into rack-mounted enclosure 7MB3000-0AA00-1AA0-Z+D05 7MB3020-0CE00-0AA0-Z+D05 OXYMAT 7 module and wall box supplied unassembled 7MB3000-3CX00-1AA0 7MB3020-0CE00-0AA0

CALOMAT 7 module

Overview



The CALOMAT 7 module is primarily used for quantitative determination of H_2 or He in digital or quasi-digital non-corrosive gas mixtures.

Concentrations of other gases can also be measured if their thermal conductivity differs significantly from their accompanying gases, such as Ar, CO_2 , CH_4 .

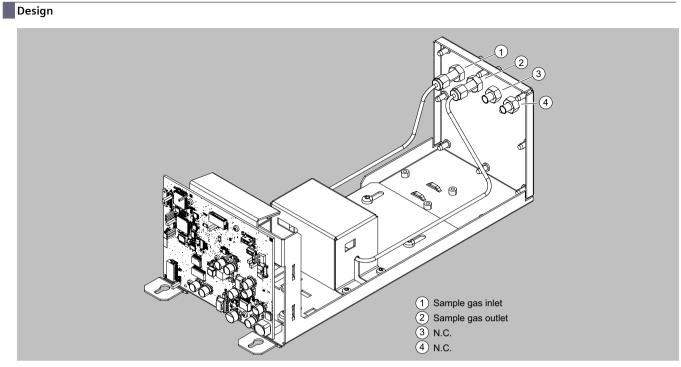
Benefits

- Small T₉₀ time due to micromechanical-produced Si sensor
- \bullet Universally applicable hardware basis, high measuring range dynamics (e.g. 0 to 0.5%, 0 to 100%, 95 to 100% H_2)
- Open interface architecture (analog, digital, Ethernet)
- SIMATIC PDM network for maintenance and servicing information (optional)
- Introduction of flammable gas possible

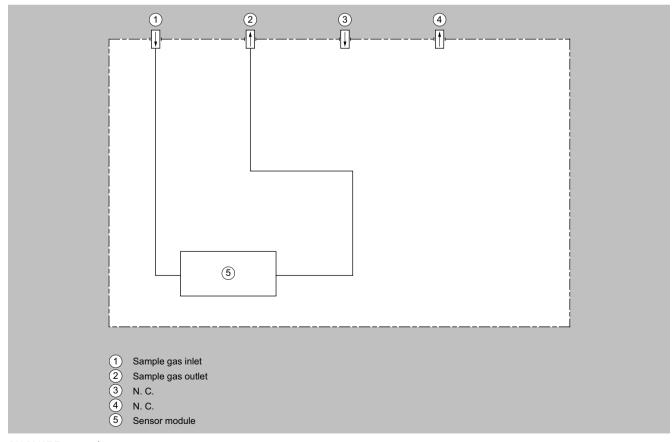
Application

- Pure gas monitoring (0 to 0.5% H₂ in Ar)
- Protective gas monitoring (0 to 2% He in N₂)
- Hydroargon gas monitoring (0 to 25% H₂ in Ar)
- Forming gas monitoring (0 to 25% H₂ in N₂)
- Gas production:
- 0 to 2% He in N₂
- 0 to 10% Ar in O₂
- Chemical applications:
- 0 to 2% $H_2 \mbox{ in } NH_3$
- 50 to 70% $H_{\rm 2}$ in $N_{\rm 2}$
- Wood gasification (0 to $30\% H_2$ in CO/CO₂/CH₄)
- Blast furnace gas (0 to 5% H_2 in CO/CO₂/CH₄/N₂)
- Bessemer converter gas (0 to 20% H₂ in CO/CO₂)

CALOMAT 7 module



Structure of CALOMAT 7



CALOMAT 7, gas path

CALOMAT 7 module

Mode of operation

The measuring method is based on the different levels of thermal conductivity of gases. CALOMAT 7 modules work with a

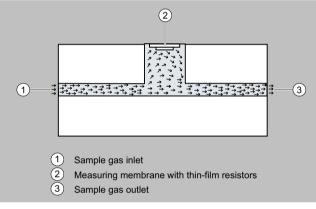
micromechanically produced Si chip, the measuring membrane of which is equipped with thin-film resistors.

The resistors contained in the diaphragm are regulated for constant temperature. The amperage required fluctuates in accordance with the thermal conductivity of the sample gas. This raw value determined in this way is processed further electronically to calculate the gas concentration.

The sensor is in a thermostatically controlled stainless steel enclosure in order to suppress the effect of the ambient temperature. To rule out flow influences, the sensor is mounted in a bore hole next to the flow channel.

Note

The sample gases must be fed into the analyzers free of dust. Condensation (dew point sample gas < ambient temperature) is to be avoided in the sample chambers. Therefore, the use of gas modified for the measuring tasks is necessary in most application cases.



CALOMAT 7, mode of operation

Function

Main features

- Four freely parameterizable measuring ranges, also with suppressed zero point; all measuring ranges are linear
- \bullet Smallest measuring spans down to 0.5 % H_2 (with suppressed zero point: 95 to 100 % H_2) possible
- Automatic or manual measuring range switchover selectable; remote switching is also possible
- Storage of measured values possible during calibration
- Time constants selectable within wide limits (static/dynamic noise damping); i.e. the response time of the device can be adapted to the respective measuring task
- Short response time
- Low long-term drift
- Measuring point switchover for up to 6 measuring points (parameterizable)
- Measuring range identification
- Measuring point identification
- External pressure sensor can be connected for correction of variations in sample gas pressure
- Automatic measuring range calibration parameterizable
- Operation based on the NAMUR recommendation

Function (Continued)

Cross-interferences

To determine the cross-interferences of accompanying gases with several interfering gas components, you must know the sample gas composition. The following table contains the zero offsets for the carrier gas N_2 as H_2 equivalent values with 10 % interference gas.

Interference gas	H ₂ equivalent values with 10 % interference gas
CH ₄	+1.77 %
C ₂ H ₆	+0.47 %
C ₃ H ₈	-0.28 %
СО	-0.10 %
CO ₂	-0.84 %
O ₂	+0.19 %
N ₂ O	-0.83 %
NH ₃	+1.45 %
Ar	-1.22 %
Не	+6.32 %
SF ₆	-2.15 %
SO ₂	-1.47 %
Synth. Air	+0.40 %
H ₂ O (3 %)	+0.38 %

Zero offset in the system H_2 in N_2

If you are using accompanying gas concentrations \neq 10 %, you can use the corresponding multiples of the respective table value as an approximation. This procedure applies depending on the type of gas for an accompanying gas concentration range up to approx. 25 %.

The thermal conductivity of most gas mixtures has a non-linear response. Even ambiguous results can occur in specific concentration ranges, e.g. with H_2 in He mixtures.

In addition to the zero offset, the accompanying gas can also affect the characteristic curve. For most gases, however, the effect on the characteristic curve is negligible.

CALOMAT 7 module

Selection and ordering data

CALOMAT 7 module For the measurement of gases in binary or o	juasi-binary gas mixtures	Article No. 7MB3040-	•		•	•	-	0 •	•	•
Click on the Article No. for online configuration in t	he PIA Life Cycle Portal.									
Unavailable combinations are shown in I	PIA Life Cycle Portal as "not permitted".									
Module version							-			
Standard module for 19 inch rack unit enclosure an	nd wall box		0							
Standard module for hazardous zone for 19 inch ra	ck unit enclosure and wall box		2							
Measured components, corrosive gas mixtures										
Non-corrosive gas mixtures only				<						
Measuring range, corrosive mixtures										
Non-corrosive gas mixtures only				×						
Material of gas path										
Stainless steel 1.4571					0					
Reference gas chamber										
None (for non-corrosives gas mixtures)						0				
Measured components, non-corrosive mixtures										
H ₂ in N ₂								А		
H ₂ in Ar								В		
He in N ₂								C		
He in Ar								D		
He in H ₂								E		
Ar in N ₂								F		
Ar in O ₂								G		
CH ₄ in N ₂								н		
CH₄ in Ar								J		
CO ₂ in N ₂								к		
Special version: H_2 in N_2 (for blast furnace gas, con	verter gas, wood gasification)							Q		
Smallest measuring range	Largest measuring range									
00.5%	0 100%								A	
01%	0 100%								В	
02%	0 100%								С	
05%	0 100%								D	
010%	0 100%								Е	
010%	0 80%								F	
Version										
Standard										0

The following mixtures are available as a special application (7MB3047):	
H ₂ in He	N ₂ in O2
H ₂ in CO ₂	N ₂ in H2
H ₂ in synthetic air	Synthetic air in Ar
H ₂ in CH ₄	Synthetic air in CO ₂
He in synthetic air	Synthetic air in H ₂
Ar in He	Synthetic air in He
Ar in CO ₂	CO ₂ in Ar
Ar in synthetic air	CO ₂ in synthetic air
Ar in H ₂	CO ₂ in H ₂
N ₂ in Ar	CH₄ in synthetic air
N ₂ in He	CH ₄ in H ₂
N ₂ in CH ₄	O ₂ in N ₂

Options	Order code
Add "-Z" to article number and then add order code	
Settings	
Clean for O2 service (specially cleaned gas path)	B06
Measuring range indication in plain text, if differ- ent from default setting	Y11

CALOMAT 7 module

Selection and ordering data (Continued)

Options	Order code
Special setting (only in conjunction with application no.)	Y12
Extended special setting (only in conjunction with application no.)	Y13
Basic unit module assignment number	D00 D99

Note

See order example under "More information".

Technical specifications

The technical specifications are based on the definitions of EN 61207-1. Unless specified otherwise, the data listed below relates to the fol-

lowing measurement conditions:

leasuring conditions	
mbient temperature	25 °C
tmospheric pressure	Atmospheric (approx. 1 000 hPa)
ample gas flow	0.6 l/min (or Nl/min)
eference application	H_2 in N_2^*
te of installation	Vibration- and impact-free

* The technical specifications for time and measuring response as well as for the influencing variables can sometimes differ significantly for other gas mixtures.

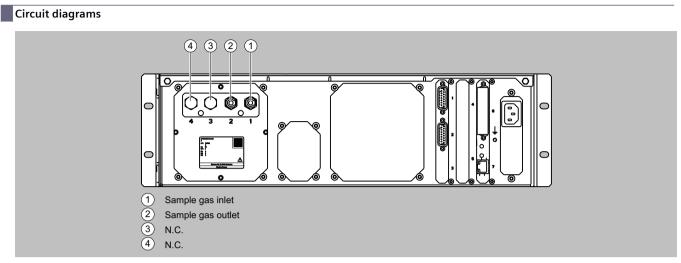
CALOMAT module			
General information			
Weight	Approx. 3 kg		
Measuring ranges			
Number of measuring ranges	Max. 4; parameters can be assigned freely		
Parameters can be assigned in the measur- ing ranges			
Smallest possible measuring span	0.5% H ₂ in N ₂		
Largest possible measuring span	100% H ₂ in N ₂		
 Smallest possible measuring span with suppressed zero point 	an with 5% (e.g. 95% 100%) H_2 in N_2		
Gas inlet conditions			
Sample gas pressure	700 1 200 hPa (abs.)		
Pressure drop between sample gas inlet and sample gas outlet	nd < 50 hPa at 1.5 l/min		
Sample gas flow	30 90 l/h (0.5 1.5 l/min)		
Sample gas temperature	0 70 °C		
Sample gas humidity (rel. humidity)	< 90% (condensation inside the gas path is to be avoided)		
Sample chamber temperature			
Standard version	Approx. 72 °C		
Time response			
Warm-up period at room temperature	< 30 min (max. accuracy after 2 h)		
Response characteristics			
 Delayed display T₉₀ with device-internal signal damping (low pass filter) of 1 s 	< 2.5 s		
• Dead time (T ₁₀) at 1 l/min	< 0.5 s		
Adjustable signal damping range	0 to 100 s		
Measuring response			
Output signal fluctuation with device-intern- al signal damping of 1 s	\leq \pm 0.5% of the smallest measuring span acc. to nameplate (σ $<$ \pm 8.33 vpm $H_2)$		

Technical specifications (Continued)

CALOMAT module	
Detection limit	≤ 1% of the smallest measuring span accord ing to nameplate
Measured value drift	$\leq \pm 1\%$ /week of smallest measuring span according to nameplate or ≤ 50 vpm H ₂ /week, whichever is greater
Repeatability	$\leq \pm$ 1% of the current measuring span or 100 vpm H ₂
Linearity error	$\leq \pm$ 1% of the current measuring span or 100 vpm H ₂
Influencing variables	
Ambient temperature	$\leq \pm 0.5\%^{1)}/10$ K of the current measuring span or $\leq \pm 50$ vpm H ₂ /10 K
Sample gas pressure	$\leq \pm 0.5\%^{1)}$ of the current measuring span/19 pressure variation or $\leq \pm 50$ vpm H ₂ /1% pressure variation
Sample gas flow	\leq ± 0.2% of the smallest possible measuring span with a change in flow of 1 dl/min with in the permissible flow range
Accompanying gases (interference gases)	The interference gas sensitivity depends on the application and must be determined in each case except for applications with blast furnace gas / converter gas / wood gasifica- tion (pre-adjusted).
Supply voltage	$\leq \pm 0.1\%$ of characteristic curve end value (within the nominal range of use)
Electrical inputs and outputs	
Analog and digital interfaces	See basic unit
Climatic conditions	
Storage and transport	-30 70 °C
Permissible ambient temperature (during operation in basic unit) ²⁾	0 50 °C
Relative humidity (RH) during storage, transport or operation	< 90% (condensation on the installed com- ponents is to be avoided)
Gas connections	
Connection fittings	Pipe connection with 6 mm outer diameter
Materials of wetted parts	
Gas connection	Stainless steel material no. 1.4571
Clamping rings and union nut (set)	Stainless steel material no. 1.4401
Sample gas pipes	Stainless steel material no. 1.4404
Sensor mounting block	Stainless steel material no. 1.4571
Sensor	Si, SiO _x N _y , Au, epoxy resin, glass
Gasket, contained in the sensor module	Perfluorelastomere FFKM

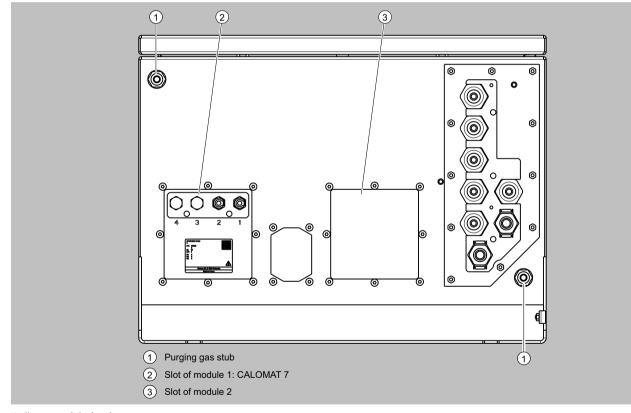
 $^{1)}$ Values less than the detection limit are not useful $^{2)}$ Restriction for installing an ULTRAMAT 7 module: 5 ... 45 °C.

CALOMAT 7 module



CALOMAT 7 gas connections

The sample gas connections are made of stainless steel with material no. 1.4571 and are designed as connection fittings with a pipe diameter of 6 mm.



Wall-mounted device, bottom

More information

Ordering example CALOMAT 7 module installed in wall box 7MB3000-3FX00-1AA0-Z+D12 7MB3040-0XX00-0BB0-Z+D12

Parts for the SIPROCESS GA700 modules wetted by sample gas

Overview

Gas path		ULTRAMAT 7	OXYMAT 7	CALOMAT 7
With hoses	Bushing	-	PVDF	-
Viton)	Hose	-	FKM (Viton)	-
	Sample chamber	-	Stainless steel 1.4571	-
	Nozzle (sample cham- ber)	-	Stainless steel 1.4571	-
	Restrictor	-	PTFE (Teflon)	-
	O-ring	-	FKM (Viton)	-
With pipes	Bushing	Stainless steel 1.4571	Stainless steel 1.4571	Stainless steel 1.4571
(stainless steel)	Pipe	Stainless steel 1.4571	Stainless steel 1.4404	Stainless steel 1.4404
	Sample chamber			
	• Body	Aluminum	Stainless steel 1.4571	-
	• Lining	Aluminum or tantalum	-	-
	• Window	CaF2, adhesive: E353	-	-
	Sensor mounting block	-	-	Stainless steel 1.4571
	Sensor	-	-	Si, SiO _x N _y , AU, epoxy resin, glass
	Sample gas restrictor	-	Stainless steel 1.4571	-
	O-rings	FKM (Viton) or FFKM (Kalrez 6375)	FKM (Viton) or FFKM (Kalrez 6375)	FFKM (Kalrez 6375)
With pipes	Bushing	Hastelloy C22	Hastelloy C22	-
(Hastelloy)	Pipe	Hastelloy C22	Hastelloy C22	-
	Sample chamber			
	• Body	Aluminum	Hastelloy C22	-
	• Lining	Tantalum	-	-
	• Window	CaF2, adhesive: E353	-	-
	Sample gas restrictor	-	Hastelloy C22	-
	O-rings	FKM (Viton) or FFKM (Kalrez 6375)	FFKM (Kalrez 6375)	-