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Operation and Maintenance Instructions



Saunders® I-VUE DeviceNet Intelligent Sensing Technology



www.saundersI-VUE.com www.cranechempharma.com



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Maintenance Instructions Operation

1 - Operating Instructions

1.1 - Basic Safety Instructions

These safety instructions do not make allowance for:

- Contingencies and events which may arise during the installation, operation, and maintenance of the sensor.
- Local safety regulations; the operator is responsible for observing these regulations, also with reference to the installation personnel.



CAUTION!

1.1.1 - High Pressure

- Before dismounting pneumatic lines and valves, turn off the pressure and vent the lines.
- To prevent damage, make sure that all the pneumatics connections are made correctly.

1.1.2 - Electrical Risks

- Before working on the sensor, switch off the power supply and prevent reactivation.
- Observe applicable accident prevention and safety regulations for electrical equipment.

1.1.3 - Hazardous Situation

To avoid injury, ensure:

- That the system cannot be activated unintentionally.
- Installation and maintenance may be carried out by authorized technicians only.
- After an interruption in the power or pneumatic supply, ensure that the process will be restarted in a defined and controlled manner.
- The sensor must be operated according to the operating instructions.

2 - Scope of Supply

Check the package immediately upon receipt of delivery; assure that the contents are not damaged and packing list match contents. If there are any discrepancies, please contact the factory.

2.1 Included with Sensor Pack



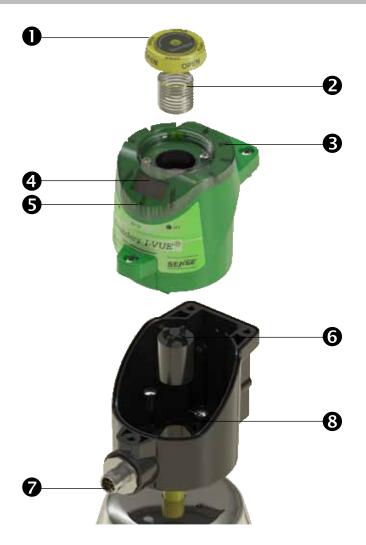
2.2 Optional Accessories





Maintenance Instructions Overview

3 - Overview



Please register your
Saunders® I-VUE at:
www.saundersI-VUE.com
to access important
installation information,
download Electronic
Data Sheets (EDS), and
receive notifications
of required firmware
upgrades.

1 - Visual Local Indicator

Bright yellow physical indicator shows through the transparent cap.

2 - Spring

A spring driven by indicator pushes cap upward.

3 - Extra Bright LEDs

Green LEDs indicate open position and red LEDs indicate closed position.

4 - Smart Window

The Smart Window provides visual information to assist in calibration and programming of the sensor. The Smart Window also displays information for the user.

5 - Touch-Less Magnetic Buttons

The sensor is equipped with three magnetic buttons that allow configuration of all functions.

6 - Sensor Target

A ferrous target housed in resin sensitizes the magnetic coils of the I-VUE sensor.

7 - M12 Connector

Electric connection via stainless M12/4 pin connector when used with remotely located solenoid; a stainless M12/5 pin connector is used with integral solenoid option.

8 - Adapter Disk

The adapter disk is used to mount the sensor on top of actuators that have mounting holes centers different to 35mm, or to allow 360° rotation of the sensor.



Maintenance Instructions Description

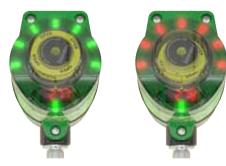
4 - Description

4.1 - Innovative Valve Monitoring

The I-VUE is an intelligent valve sensor which integrates accurate and reliable non-contacting sensing technology with advanced electronics. The I-VUE is calibrated and programmed through hands-free magnetic buttons. Additional standard features include bright LEDs, Smart Window display, visual position indicator and optional low power solenoid. I-VUE brings a new level of position sensing technology to diaphragm valves used in life science applications.

4.2 - Highly Visible LEDs

A ring of bright red and green LEDS indicate open and closed positions



4.3 - Visual Position Indicator

Bright yellow indicator is enclosed in transparent cover and is operated by a spring; single indicator displays position on all size valves.



4.4 - Self-Calibration

All the smart sensor needs is 24V DC and the magnetic keychain. This device will automatically cycle the valve three times, measuring travel and setting open and closed positions. I-VUE eliminates the need to remove covers and set limit switches or to program other alarms and functions.

4.5 - Digital Display

I-VUE has a unique Smart Window which uses LEDs to display valve position, alarm codes, and to assist in calibrating and programming the device.

4.6 - Cycle Count Alarm

The I-VUE can be programmed to show an alarm when a preset number of cycles have been reached or a preset number of days has elapsed. This can help with preventive maintenance.

4.7 - Cycle Time

I-VUE automatically records cycle time during the initial calibration. The optional cycle time alarm can be programmed to show an alarm when actual cycle time varies by 30% to 50% from the stored cycle time. A local alarm will be generated on the local display or sent to the PLC in the network version indicating variance in operating time.

4.8 - Set Point Tolerance

The advanced Set Point Tolerance is pre-configured at 20% from the established set point in the open and closed positions. Set Point Tolerance can be programmed at 10% to 30% in the open position and from 10% to 50% in the closed position to suit specific system requirements.

4.9 - Password

The sensor can be password protected to restrict access to the custom programming. Setting, changing, or disabling of passwords is done in the configuration menu.

4.10 - Sleep Mode "Save Energy"

Although display and signaling LEDs have low power requirements, the configuration menu allows them to power down if there is no operation of the valve or magnetic buttons to save energy.

After the selected time (from 5 to 15 minutes), the LEDs and display goes off.

The return of signaling occurs if the sensor generates any alarm or if any of the magnetic buttons were activated.



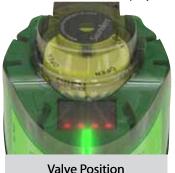
NOTE: In case of alarm, the LED over "N3" magnetic button keeps blinking in green / red.



Maintenance Instructions Description

4.11 - Smart Window Digital Display

The Smart Window displays: Valve Position, Partial Cycle Counter, Total Counter, and Days Worked as shown below.









Total Counter

Worked Days

4.12 - Local Alarm Indication

The Smart Window displays an alarm code for 5 seconds and the LEDs over the "N3" magnetic button blinks continuously in green / red indicating that an alarm has been triggered. The user can see the alarm code at any time by placing the North Polarity of the keychain (side marked "N") over the "N3" magnetic button - the alarm code will be displayed for 5 seconds.





IMPORTANT!

In cases where the sensor generates the alarms 4, 5, 6, 8, or 9 the two outputs go to logic level "1" to be interpreted as an alarm to the remote control PLC.

4.13 - Sensor Clock

The sensor has a day/time clock that must be set for alarms "Day Alarm" and "Alarm Date" to work properly. The user sets the hour, day, month, and year. Instructions how to set the clock can be found in the flowchart overview on pages 18 and 19.

4.14 - Valve Actuator Cycle Counter

The display can show the numbers of cycles performed by the valve and actuator. The sensor has two counters - Partial Counter, and the Life Time Counter.

4.15 - Partial Counter

This feature can be used as notification of the number of cycles since the last diaphragm change out or other maintenance or service event. The counter can be reset and a new number of cycles can be programmed to aid further preventive maintenance.

Codes	DeviceNet
AL 1	Alarm of partial cycle counter
AL 2	Alarm of worked days
AL 3	Alarm of date
AL 4	Alarm of open and closed time
AL 5	Solenoid command
AL 6	Stroke out of range
AL 7	Not expected position change
AL8	Short circuit on solenoid coil
AL 9	Check coil
AL 10	Alarm of internal temperature
AL 15	Power suppy is out of range

4.16 - Life Time Counter "Total Counter"

This is a grand total counter; i.e. this count is not reset when the partial counter is cleared, even if you reset several times.

The grand total indicates the total number of cycles independent of all partial cycle counts, even after several resets of the partial counter, and seeks to identify the lifetime of the system (valve / actuator).

Its maximum capacity is 99.10⁶ cycles, and can be reset only by entering the main menu in order to monitor a new valve, or for a relocation of the sensor to another valve.



Maintenance Instructions Description and Drawings

4.17 - Counter Notation

The display uses engineering notation (BASE 10) to indicate the number of cycles, i.e.:

XY*10 Z XY*EZ

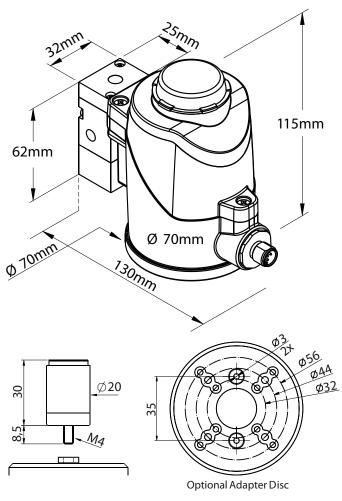
Indication Notation for Cycle Numbers						
10E3	10 * 10³	10 x 1000	10.000 cycles			
21E2	21 * 10 ²	21 x 100	2.100 cycles			
51 E 4	51 * 10⁴	51 x 10000	510.000 cycles			

4.18 - Factory Settings

The sensor comes with the following factory settings:

Factory Settings				
Tolerance	{H-(20)}{L-(20)}			
Travel Time Alarm	OFF			
Partial Counter (Alarm)	OFF			
Worked Days (Alarm)	OFF			
Date Alarm	OFF			
Display Function	P_Cot (Partial Counter)			
Output NO / NC	NO			
Sleep Mode	OFF			
Auto Setting Mode	3			
Hand Setting Mode	Enters and performs the function			
Sol Alarm	OFF			
Set Alarm P2P Outputs	OFF			
Password Setting	Enters and performs the function			
Set Clock	Enters and performs the function			
Total Counter	Enters and performs the function			
Factory Setting Restore	Enters and performs the function			

5 - Mechanical Drawings



Order Separately

Please register your Saunders® I-VUE at: www.saundersI-VUE.com

to access important installation information, download Electronic Data Sheets (EDS), and receive notifications of required firmware upgrades.



Maintenance Instructions Operation

6 - Operation

6.1 - Sensing Technology

The friction-free operating principle employed by I-VUE is based on a non-contacting detection of the actuator valve movement. An electronic circuit converts the variation of the electromagnetic field into a signal that is proportional to the displacement of the sensor's target. With its sophisticated electronics, the I-VUE detects movements of 0.2 mm or less with high resolution of 16 bits.

6.2 - Touch-Less Magnetic Buttons

The sensor is equipped with 3 magnetic buttons for use in calibrating and programming the device. The buttons allow the user to configure all functions of the sensor without opening the enclosure and potentially risking fluid ingress.

6.3 - Magnetic Keychain

To activate the magnetic buttons, bring the magnetic keychain adjacent to one of the buttons, matching polarity (north (N) or south (S)) on the keychain with the polarity of the button (north (N) or south (S)). The LED above the magnetic button will glow red when the keychain activates the button. To push the buttons, just hold the keychain with the correct polarity near the magnetic buttons and see that the red LED light indicates the detection.

6.4 - Self-Calibration Setting

The I-VUE sensor has a unique self-calibration system, activated by holding the magnetic key chain with North pole "N" near "N3" magnetic button for more than 3 seconds. The sensor will run the self-calibration process, regardless of type of connection to the control system (PLC or Industrial Network), making the setup process very fast and efficient.

The sensor will activate the solenoid which controls the actuator in 3 consecutive cycles to learn the open and closed positions according to actuator travel. To avoid an undesired recalibration, the user must confirm with S2 bottom, when smart window shows "SUre". I-VUE can be programmed to perform 5 or 10 cycles for calibration instead of the default 3 cycles, if desired.









6.5 - Calibration without Integral Solenoid Valve

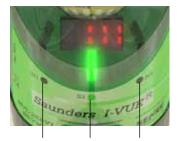
When a remote solenoid valve is used, the N black side of the magnetic key is placed against the N3 button; this brings the operator directly into the calibration menu, the Smart Window display will read "SUre" and the operator confirms this using the green S side of the key against the S2 button. If the valve is not in the closed position, the remote solenoid must then be directed to close the valve, the Smart Window will read "LL", use the green side if magnetic key against the S2 button to confirm and the

closed set point will be defined; complete the process by opening the valve via the remote solenoid and confirm setting with the S2 key. When the window displays "HL; the open set point has been defined.

6.6 - Solenoid Valve Override (With Integral Solenoid Only)

If the sensor is assembled with an optional solenoid valve, it can be forced open by holding the magnetic keychain for 3 seconds, with "N" pole near "N1". To de-energize, repeat the same process. It is also possible to force the solenoid by the manual override actuator on the solenoid valve body.





North Pole South Pole North Pole Sensitive Sensitive Sensitive



Maintenance Instructions Compressed Air and Pneumatic Data

7 - Compressed Air

Compressed air is a source of energy widely used in applications in industrial environments. It results from compression of ambient air, whose composition is a mixture of oxygen (\pm 20.5%), nitrogen (\pm 79%) and some other gases.

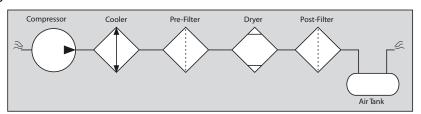
The compressor is used for generating pressured air. To correctly size the compressor is necessary to know the amount of pressure and volume of air required per unit of time. Compressed air has advantages compared with other energy sources, because:

- The air is abundant and available everywhere,
- · It can be transported for long distances,
- It can be stored in reservoirs.
- It is suitable for explosive atmospheres, because there is no risk of combustion.

7.1 - Indispensable Components of a Pneumatic System

The basic equipment needed for a reliable air supply include:

- Compressor
- Cooler
- Pre-Filter
- Dryer
- Post-Filter
- Air Tank



7.2 - Compressed Air Distribution

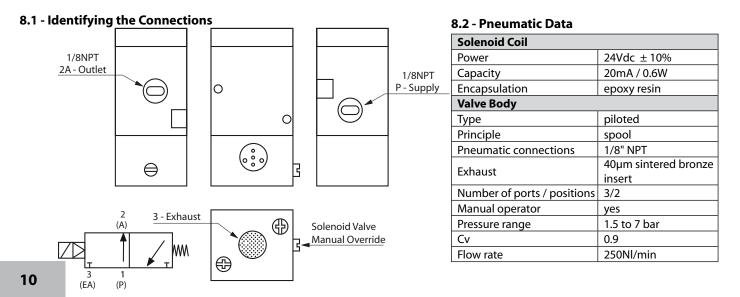
A correct sizing of the compressed air distribution system ensures low pressure drop between the generation and consumption of the air. The distribution piping for compressed air can be galvanized steel, stainless steel, aluminum, copper, engineering plastic, or nylon. To determine the best route for the pipeline, it is necessary to know where the main consumption points and isolated points are located.

7.3 - Sizing of Pipes

The sizes of pipes should be designed to allow an acceptable pressure drop, no more than 10% of the applied pressure. In sizing of pipes, one must consider any likely future demand because the system will become inefficient if demand exceeds the air supply.

8 - I-VUE Pneumatic Data

The I-VUE can be supplied with a 3/2 way solenoid valve with 1/8" NPT pneumatic connections. The valve has a manual override button and can also be activated via N1 magnetic button of the sensor in operation mode.



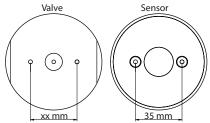


Maintenance Instructions Mounting Process

9 - Mounting Process

Follow the steps below for mounting the sensor on the valve.

1-The sensor fits directly to Saunders® S360 actuator. Adapters are required for the Saunders® EC and ECX actuators.





NOTE: The adapter disk is provided as an accessory and must be ordered separately.

2 - Install the sensor base at the top of the actuator (if necessary, install the adapter disk) and insert the fixing screws.

Direct Mounting on the Valve



!

NOTE: It is necessary to change the I-VUE base screws, use the short one supplied with the mounting adapter.

3 - Thread the target sensor into the indicator until it bottoms out.





5 - Insert the spring and the visual local indicator screwing it on the top of the sensor module.



the sensor base.

6 - Tighten the three screws that hold the sensor module on



7 - Place the 1/8" NPT quick coupling connectors on the pneumatic holes of the valve and the pneumatic actuator.





Maintenance Instructions Solenoid Valve Replacement

8 - Before making pneumatic connections, check the location of each air port in the drawing on page 9 (identifying the connections).

9 - Make the pneumatic connection with 6.0mm tubing and electrical connection with a M12 4 (without) or 5-pins (with



10 - The sensor is ready to be configured. See the configuration flowchart on pages 18 and 19.

10 - Solenoid Valve Replacement Procedure

If you need to replace the solenoid valve, follow the steps below:

1 - De-energize the sensor, removing the connector.



2 - Remove the pipes and pneumatic quick coupling connectors of the valve body.







3 - Loosen the three screws that hold the sensor module on the sensor base.





5 - Remove the target sensor and disconnect the wires from the coil of electrical terminals.



6 - Remove the fixing screws of the coil and the valve body.





NOTE: The coil and the valve body have sealing

O-rings; take care not to lose them.

7 - Insert the new coil with the sealing ring in the sensor connection box and insert the fixing screws.

8 - Connect the wires from the solenoid in the electrical terminals inside the connection box.





9 - Replace the valve body with the sealing O-rings and secure with the screws, then replace the target sensor.





10 - Repeat the steps from 6 to 9 of the previous procedure.

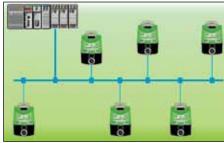


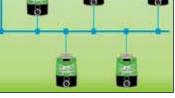
11 - DeviceNet

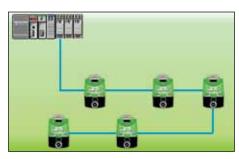
11.1 - Topology

Topology is the adopted term to illustrate the physical connection between the network equipment. There are several types, but not all are applicable to the DeviceNet network.

Acceptable Topologies





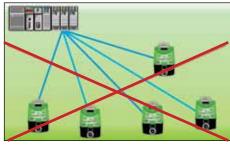


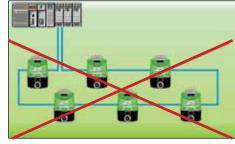
Branch Line Topology

Tree Topology

Line Topology

Not Acceptable Topologies





Star Topology (N/A)

Ring Topology (N/A)

11.2 - Cables

DeviceNet cables have two pairs of wires, one for power supply and another one for 24VDC digital communication. DeviceNet cables are normalized and have strict specifications that ensure the functioning of the network in predetermined lengths. These specifications also determine the color of the conductors that follow on the table below:

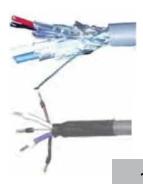
Wire Color	Signal	Description
red - RD	V+	positive 24VDC
white - WH	CAN_H	communication (CAN-H)
bare	drain	(GND)
blue - BU	CAN_L	communication (CAN-L)
black - BK	V-	negative 24Vcc

11.2.1 - Thick Cable:

The DeviceNet thick cable is also known as a Trunk Cable. It has an external diameter of 12.5 mm, with a PVC cover or in special cases a PU cover. You can also use this cable for drop lines. Excessive bending of this cable can reduce its ability to meet DeviceNet requirements. The power rating is normally 8A. Because of its diameter this cable has limited flexibility and can be difficult to install in some circumstances.

11.2.2 - Thin Cable:

The DeviceNet thin cable is also known as a Drop Cable. It has an external diameter of 7mm, with a PVC cover or in special cases PU cover. Due to the smaller diameter the thin cable is more flexible than thick cable, but it care must be taken with cable installation.





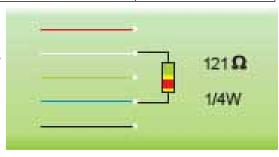
11.3 - Cables Length

The table below shows the maximum cable length according to the communication (transmission) rate adapted to the network. For long distances the inductance and distributed capacitance is greater and reduces the digital communication signal:

Cable Type	Cable Function		Transmission Rate			
Cable Type	Cable Function	125 Kbits/s	250 Kbits/s	500 Kbits/s		
Thick Cable	Trunk	500m 250m 10		100m		
Thin Cable	Trunk	100m				
Thin Cable	Derivation	6m				
Thin Cable	S Derivation	156m 78m 39m				

11.4 - Termination Resistor

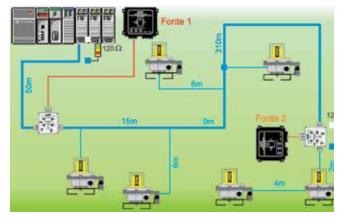
At the extremes of the network a termination resistor must be installed, which has the objective of reducing possible signal reflections on the network, which can cause disturbances in communication, with constant and random stops and eventual total interruption of operation. The terminating resistor must be 121 Ω , but it is assumed the commercial value of 120 Ω and being the minimum power dissipated of 1/4W resistor would be appropriate.



11.4.1 - Terminating Resistor

The 120 Ω resistor should be connected between the communication wires (WH white and BL blue): at the two ends of the network, at the points that have the largest distance from each other, in the two distribution boxes at the ends of the network. A practical way to verify if a determined network has the two resistors is measure the resistance between the communication wires blue and white, the result is approximately 60 Ω this indicates that the resistors are present on the network but cannot guarantee if they are in the correct position.

11.5 - Communication Type

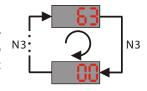


The communication type defines the equipment that participate in the data exchange, and the method defines the way that informations (messages) will be exchanged. The I-VUE uses the polling method. The master generates a command message directed to a particular slave (point-to-point), also conveying inside the message within the specific data to this slave, such as: command on / off to outputs I/O or data to a display, etc. The slave response is directed to the master and also includes the datas. The master will generate a message to each slave configured with polling communication and will host the response of everyone.

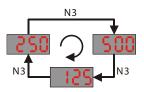


11.6 - Addressing and Baud Rate

The address and setting of baud rate is performed by the software configuration or by the menu. The I-VUE can be addressed from 00 to 63 and data rate can be 125, 250 or 500 Kbit/s. For addressing, go to the Address Menu, choose the address approaching the magnet key (north pole) to the magnetic button N3 and confirm approaching the key to the I-VUE S2 magnetic button.



IMPORTANT! The I-VUE cannot have the same address as other network equipment, if it occurs, the equipment with the same address will not work. After the address, you must set the rate which I-VUE will communicate in the network. To do this, go to menu Set Data DN and choose the communication rate approaching the magnet key (north pole) to the magnetic button N3 and confirm approaching the key ring to the I-VUE S2 magnetic button.





IMPORTANT! The communication rate must be set to be the same one used in other network equipment.

11.7 - Bytes of Communications

The DeviceNet network allows multiple bytes of communications, depending on each equipment. The I-VUE uses 4 bytes, as shown in the tables below:

Input Bytes	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Meaning
							0	0	Valve In Middle Of The Way
							0	1	Valve Closed
							1	0	Valve Open
							1	1	NC
						1			Solenoid Is Forced (At The Sensor)
Byte 1					1				Self Calibration Mode (At The Sensor)
				0					Asking PLC ¹ To Power Ext. Sol: Off
				1					Asking PLC ¹ To Power Ext. Sol: On
			1						Alarm 1 - Partial Counter
		1							Alarm 2 - Worked Days
	1								Alarm 3 - Date Alarm
								1	Alarm 4 -Open And Closed Time
							1		Alarm 5 - Solenoid Command Fail
						1			Alarm 6 - Stroke Out Of Range
Byte 2					1				Alarm 7 - Not Expected Position Change
byte 2				1					Alarm 8 - Broken Coil
			1						Alarm 9 - Solenoid Short Circuit
		1							Alarm 10 - Temperature Alarm
	1								Alarm 15 - Net Alarm
Byte 3	х	х	х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Valve Position 0 - 255

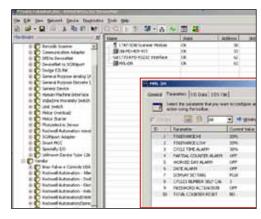
	OUTPUT BYTE #1								
bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0				
alarm disable	factory reset		self calibration	partial counter reset	solenoid				

Note¹: Use following output bytes for self-calibration when external solenoid is used.

11.8 - Electronic Data Sheet File

The name EDS comes from "Eletronic Data Sheet", and is nothing more than an electronic file that describes the operating and configuration parameters of the equipment, being developed and distributed by the manufacturer. The EDS file "teaches" the features and parameters for this scanner (master). EDS I-VUE parameters are described in the table below:

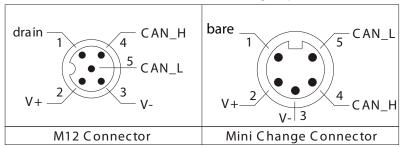
Parameters	Output
Tolerance HIGH	10%, 20%, 30%
Tolerance LOW	10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%
Cycle Time Alarm	ON, OFF
P Counter Alarm	ON, OFF, CANCEL
Worked Day Alarm	ON, OFF
Date Alarm	ON, OFF
Display Setting	Pcot, Tcot, Valve Position, Worked Days
Cyles Self Cal	3, 5, 10
Password Act	ON, OFF
T Counter Reset	YES, NO





11.9 - Electrical Connection

The sensor uses a standard M12 or a mini change 5-pin connector.



Pin	Wire Color	Designation
1	drain	GND
2	red	positive (24Vdc)
3	black	negative (24Vdc)
4	white	CAN_H
5	blue	CAN_L



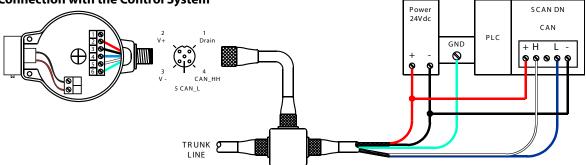


M12 Connector



Mini Change Connector

11.9.1 - Connection with the Control System



11.10 - Special Signaling

Display: AL 13 - Sensor with duplicated addressed.

AL 14 - Sensor not addressed and not mapped;

Network LED: positioned on S2, indicates the following conditions:

Light green: allocated in the network and exchanging data.

Light Net: without communication or address 0.

Flashing green/red: peripheral failure









Maintenance Instructions Understanding the Main Menu

12 - Understanding the Main Menu

The Main Menu is accessed via the magnetic buttons and is used to calibrate and program the sensor.

12.1 - How to Access and Exit the Menu

When the sensor is turned on, it performs a self-check (the Smart Window display shows horizontal dash characters and all the LEDs flash). After self-check the LEDs indicate the valve position and the display will show the partial

count number if the factory settings for the sensor are unchanged.

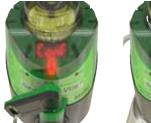


North Pole South Pole North Pole Sensitive Sensitive

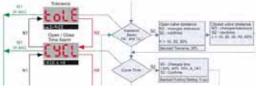
The sensor is equipped with three magnetic buttons N1, S2, and N3 that provide access to the menu. These buttons are activated by a magnetic keychain supplied with the sensor.

To activate the magnetic button place the magnetic keychain close to the magnetic button matching polarity for the keychain with the button.

















To access the menu, just hold the magnetic keychain with the south pole marked "S" over the S2 magnetic button for three seconds. The display will show "ConF" and then it will show "ToLE" for tolerance.

To scroll through the main menu functions, use the following keys:

- · N3 to go down to next function
- N1 to go up to the previous function
- S2 to confirm the function



NOTE: When the last function ("FACtorY SEt") is reached, use N3 key to return to the first function ("TolErAnCE").

12.3 - Exiting the Menu

To exit the menu, hold the magnetic keychain with the north pole "N" over magnetic N1 for 4 seconds until its red LED lights up. The Smart Window display shows "END"; it will then show the valve cycle numbers indicating that the sensor is in operation mode.

12.4 - Going through the Menu Settings

In configuration mode, choose the function that you want to change (use the N3 magnetic button to go down and N1 button to go up); to access or confirm the functions use S2 button.

The button functions may vary depending on the chosen option (see the configuration flowchart on pages 18 and 19). After finishing the settings, confirm with the S2 button and then N1 button for 4 seconds to exit configuration mode.



NOTE:

Return to a function by approaching and removing the magnetic keychain with the north pole "N" over the N1 magnetic button quickly. If the user holds the magnetic keychain over N1 magnetic button for more than 4 seconds, the sensor will exit the configuration mode.



Maintenance Instructions Understanding the Main Menu

12.5 - Fast Keys Access

You can quickly access some functions in the Menu without entering the configuration mode by approaching the magnetic keychain on the magnetic button. See the table. There are three functions for fast access: Forced Solenoid, Self-Calibration Setting, and Demo Mode:

Fast Key Access								
Button	Time	Mode	Function	Display Message				
N1	3s	Run	Force Solenoid (to energize the solenoid coil)	Sol ForC8d				
N3	3s	Run	Self-Calibration Setting (run auto setup)	Ruto SEtuP				
N1			Demo Mode (open and close for 3 seconds)	tEStE Loop				
and 3s N3	35	Conf	Reset Password (when the display asks for password)	Con9+0000+bol8				



Force Solenoid:

With the sensor in operation, hold the magnetic keychain with the north pole "N" over the N1 button for 3 seconds. The display shows "Sol ForCEd" and the LED will light in green. To de-energize the solenoid, hold again the magnetic keychain over N1 magnetic button for 3 seconds.



Self-Calibration Setting:

The I-VUE sensor has a unique self-calibration system which is activated by holding the magnetic key chain with North pole "N" near "N3" magnetic button for 3 seconds. The sensor will run the self-calibration process. The number of cycles used to calibrate the open and closed set points can be changed to 5 or 10 cycles (see Flow Chart pages 18-19). After self-calibration, the sensor will return to the operating mode.



Demo Mode:

For this configuration it is necessary to have two magnetic keychains. Hold the two magnetic keychains with the north pole "N" over the N1 and N3 button at the same time for 3 seconds. The demo mode makes the sensor open and close the valve with uninterrupted cycles. The display shows "Test Loop." To exit demo mode, hold the two magnetic buttons against N1 and N2 buttons again.



Reset Password:

It is necessary to have two magnetic keychains to reset the password. Enter in Menu Configuration (ConF) activating S2 button. The display shows "Password" blinking five times and shows "0000." Hold the two magnetic keychain over N1 and N3 at the same time. The password is disabled and the display shows "Tolerance."



NOTE: If you want to set a new password go to "Pass Set" menu.



Maintenance Instructions Describing the Menu Options

13 - Describing the Menu Options

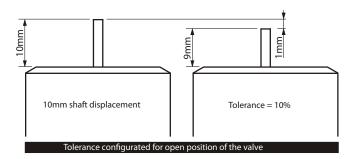
Below is described in detail each menu option.

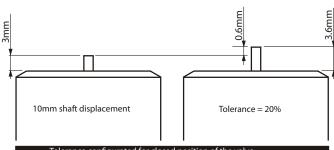


Conf: To enter into configuration mode, hold the magnetic keychain with the south pole "S" near the "S2" magnetic button for more than 3 sec. This mode allows the user to configure all the functions of the sensor.



Tolerance Alarm: The user can set the tolerance alarm in the open position (displayed as "H") at 10%, 20% or 30% of full open. The closed position tolerance alarm (displayed as "L") can be set at 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, or 50% of full closed position. This feature compensates for varying process conditions and/or air supply pressure and reduces false indications.







Cycle Time: In the self-calibration cycle, the sensor records opening and closing time for the valve. The user can configure the sensor to generate an alarm when this recorded time is exceeded by 20%, 30%, 40%, or 50% (AL 4) or disable the alarm (A_OF).













Partial Cycle Counter: This option causes the sensor to generate an alarm when the partial cycle counter reaches a set number of cycles (AL 1), notifying the operator that it is time to perform preventive maintenance or other action. It is possible to activate the alarm (A_ON), cancel the alarm (C_AL), and disable the alarm (A_OF). In the C_AL option the sensor disables the alarm and cancels the counting cycles.







Day Alarm: This option causes the sensor to generate an alarm after a set number of days has elapsed.(AL 2). This alarm can be very useful in carrying out preventive maintenance or other actions. The user can, for example, configure the sensor to generate the alarm 30 days after installation and start of operation of the sensor. The day alarm can be reset (CLR) to a new number of days elapsed.





Date Alarm: Similar to the previous, this alarm allows the user to set a specific day, month, and year in the future for the sensor to generate an alarm (AL3).



















Maintenance Instructions Describing the Menu Options



Display Setting: This option allows the user to view content of Smart Window display.

Worked Days

If this option is selected, the Smart Window shows the number of days in which the sensor has been in operation.

Partial Counter

If this option is selected, the Smart Window shows the number of partial cycles of the valve (see section 4.14 on page 6).

Total Counter

If this option is selected, the display will show the total number of cycles of the valve (see section 4.15 on page 6).

Valve Position

If this option is selected, the display shows the valve position. Specifically, the dashes above indicate that the valve is open and the dashes below show that the valve is closed, dash in the middle when halfway, effective when valve moves slowly.

In operation mode, the display shows the selected option. To know what is being displayed, the user must approach the magnetic keychain with north pole "N" near the N3 magnetic button, and the display will show the selected option for 5 seconds and then revert back to the operation display.

For example, the display shows the number 40; to know the meaning of the number, approach the magnetic keychain with the north pole "N" near the N3 magnetic button and the sensor will show, for example, the word "Day," indicating that the sensor is operating on the valve for 40 days.











Worked Days





Partial Counter





Total Counter





Valve Position

Sleep Mode: This mode allows the user to set a time ranging from 5 to 15 minutes to turn off the lights and the display during time when the magnetic buttons are not activated. This option should be selected to save energy or for places where local indication is not important to the operating of the system.

In case of alarm, the LEDs above the N3 magnetic button remain blinking green / red.











Self-Calibration: Self-calibration commands the sensor to learn the opening and closing positions of the valve and the cycle time over 3, 5, or 10 cycles.



NOTE: The greater the number of cycles, the greater accuracy in the detection of position. To perform the self-calibration, hold the magnetic keychain with the north pole "N" near the N3 magnetic button for 3 seconds when the sensor is in operation mode. The display will show the message "Self-Calibration."















Maintenance Instructions Describing the Menu Options



Hand Calibration: The user can set the open and closed positions of the sensor manually. To manually calibrate the sensor, cycle the valve to the desired position and confirm its position by approaching the magnetic keychain with the south pole "S" near the S2 magnetic button. This must be done for both open and closed positions.





Sal

Solenoid Alarm: The sensor can generate a short-circuit alarm (AL 8) or alarm of broken cable or coil of the integral solenoid (AL 9). If the sensor is used without an integral solenoid valve, this alarm should be disabled.











PRSS

Pass Set: The password is indispensable to protect the configuration and prevent unauthorized people from making changes. The operator selects a 4-digit password. When I-VUE is password protected, the password must be entered via the magnetic keychain in order to enter the configuration menu.











Clock Set: It is necessary for the date and hour of the sensor be correct, otherwise the "Date Alarm" will not work properly. Through this option, you can set the hour, day, month, and year.









totA

Total Counter: The total counter is the lifetime meter of the valve and must be reset whenever the sensor is installed on a new valve.









FRC E

Factory Settings: This option erases sensor memory and restores all configurations and settings to factory parameters described in the section 4.17 on page 7.





End

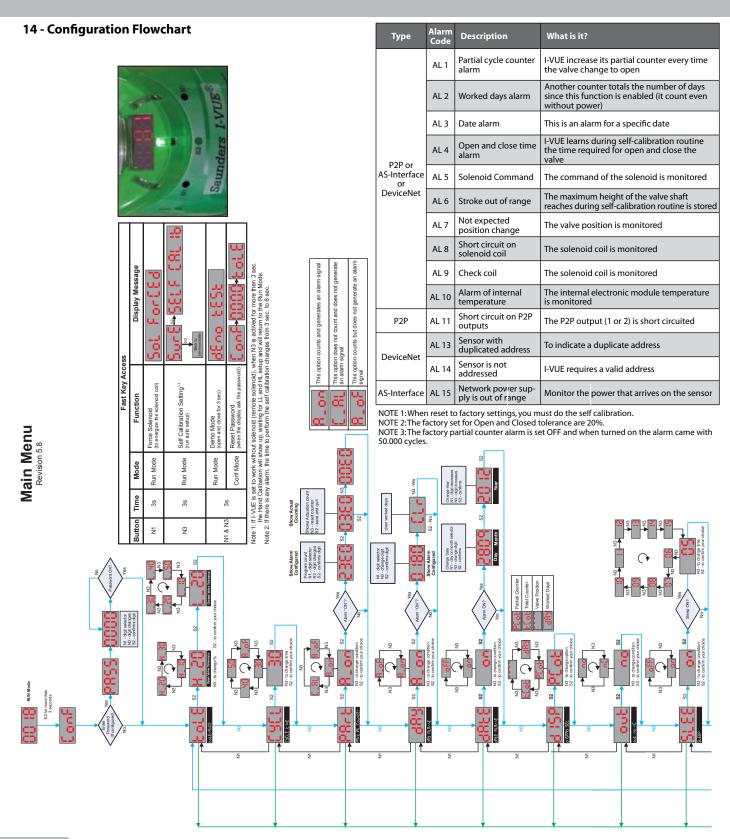
The word "End" appears on the display to indicate when the configuration is complete or interrupted by the user.



Alarms: All alarms generated by the sensor are shown once on the Smart Window display and the LED above the N3 button keeps blinking green / red. To view the alarm codes, just position the magnetic keychain with the north pole "N" of the N3 magnetic button and the display will show the alarm code for 5 seconds.



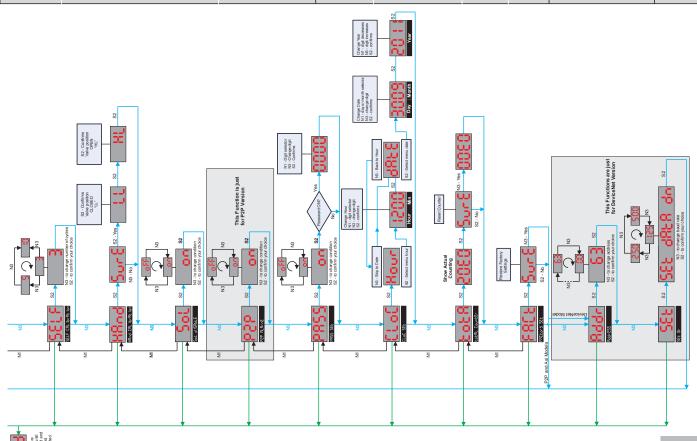
Maintenance Instructions Configuration Flow Chart





Maintenance Instructions Configuration Flow Chart

When does the alarm occur?	What to do?	Where?	Factory Default
Alarm 1 indicates that the partial counter reached a pre-determined value	1- Increase the limit value 2- Reset the partial counter 3- Turn OFF or CANCEL the alarm.	Partial counter function on the menu	OFF
Alarm 2 indicates that the number of worked days reached a pre-defined value	1- Increase the limit value 2- Turn OFF the alarm	Day function on the menu	OFF
Alarm 3 indicates that the set date has been reached	1- Increase the date of the alarm 2- Turn OFF the alarm	Date function on the menu	OFF
Alarm 4 indicates that the time to either open or close the valve is greater than the stored time considering the tolerance configured	1- Increase the percentage of time 2- Turn OFF the alarm.	Cycle time function on the menu	OFF
Alarm 5 indicates that the valve doesn't move the new position required	Check if the solenoid operates with MO Check the compressed air connections	In the field	OFF
Alarm 6 indicates that the shaft height exceeds the stored value	1 - Check if the actuator is not broken or excessively worn 2 - The self-calibration were made with low pressure, repeat	In the field and Self-Calibration Menu	Always ON
Alarm 7 indicates that an unexpected position change has occurred (from open to close or vice versa)	1 - Check if the solenoid operates with MO 2 - Check the compressed air connections	In the field	Always ON
Alarm 8 indicates a short circuit on the solenoid coil	1 - Check solenoid connections	In the field and inside the sensor connection box	Always ON
Alarm 9 indicates that the solenoid coil wire broke	1 - Check solenoid connections	In the field and inside the sensor connection box	Always ON
Alarm 10 indicates that the internal temperature of the electronic module reaches 90°C	1 - Check if the process temperature is transmitted to the sensor 2 - Check the power supply	In the field	Always ON
Alarm 11 indicates that one of the two P2P outputs is short circuited	1 - Check the output wires	In the field and inside the sensor connection box	OFF
Alarm 13 indicates that there is another device with the same address on this network	1 - Change sensor address	In the field	Always ON
Alarm 14 indicates that I-VUE is not properly addressed	1 - Set sensor address	In the field	Always ON
If the power supply is above or below than the 31,6 Vdc the alarm 15 is generated	1 - Check if the power supply is within the specified limits	Gabinet in the field	Always ON





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