Overview



The function of the SIPROCESS UV600 gas analyzer is based on UV resonance absorption spectrometry. It also is used to measure very low NO, NO2,SO2 $_{\rm or\ H2}$ S concentrations in gases.

Benefits

- For NO, NO₂, SO₂: Very low cross-sensitivity with other gases
- All modules are thermostatically-controlled, and thus independent of the ambient temperature
- Simultaneous measurement of NO and NO₂ with subsequent calculation of total. Therefore neither an NO₂ converter nor a CLD analyzer is required.
- Measurement in the UV range:
 - No cross-sensitivity with H₂O and CO₂
 - Very low SO₂ and NO measuring ranges possible
- UV resonance absorption spectrometry:
 - Measurement of very low NO concentrations
 - Very low cross-sensitivity possible
- Very long service life of UV lamp (usually 2 years)
- Low drifts and high stability thanks to four-channel measuring method with double generation of quotient
- True reference measurement for low-drift, stable results
- Interface for remote monitoring in networks and linking to process control systems
- Optional calibration unit
- Filter wheel with calibration cells which can be automatically swung into the optical path
- Low consumption of calibration gas
- Manual or automatic calibration possible

Application

Emission measurements

- Measurement of low NO concentrations in power plants or gas turbines
- Monitoring of NOx in denitrification plants by direct measurement of NO and NO₂ as well as summation to NOx in the analyzer
- Efficient measurement in desulfurization plants
- Monitoring of very small SO₂ and NO concentrations
- Emission measurements in the paper and cellulose industries Process monitoring
- Measurement of SO₂ in process gases in the paper and petrochemical industries
- Optimization of NOx emissions in exhaust gas in the automotive industry

H₂S measurement

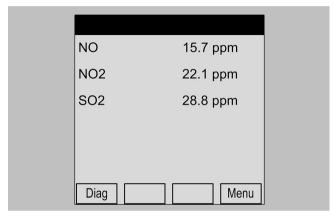
- ullet In typical emission applications
- Taking account of possible cross-sensitivities (e.g. from mercaptan)

Design

- 19" rack unit with 4 U for installation
- In hinged frame
- In cabinets with or without telescopic rails
- Internal gas paths: hose made of FKM (VitonTM) or pipe made of PTFE or stainless steel
- Gas connections for sample gas inlet and outlet and for reference gas: Fittings, pipe diameter of 6 mm or 1/4"

Display and operator panel

- Large LCD panel for simultaneous display of measured value and device status
- Sensor buttons with context-based button functions
- Display protected by glass pane
- Contrast of the LCD display can be adjusted



SIPROCESS UV600, display and control panel

Inputs and outputs

- 2 configurable analog inputs
- 4 configurable analog outputs
- 8 digital inputs
- 8 digital outputs

Communication

Connection via SIPROCESS UV600-specific software tool

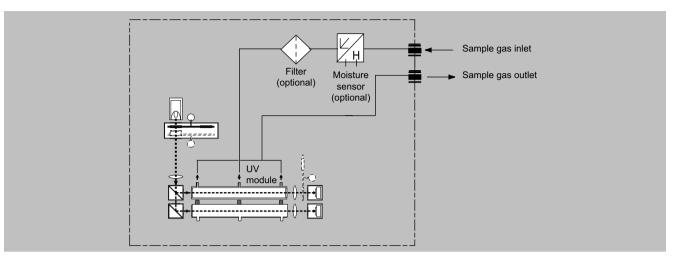
Materials wetted by sample gas

| Component | Material |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Analyzer unit (sample chamber) | Aluminum or stainless steel mat. no. 1.4404 ¹⁾ , epoxy resin |
| Optical window | CaF ₂ or quartz ¹⁾ , epoxy resin |
| Gas path, gaskets | FKM (Viton), PTFE, stainless steel mat. no. 1.4571 ¹⁾ |
| Chamber | Aluminum or stainless steel ¹⁾ |
| Gas inlet/outlet | PVDF, stainless steel, mat. no. 1.4401 ¹⁾ |
| Moisture sensor | Stainless steel mat. no. 1.4571, platinum, epoxy resin |
| Diaphragm pump | |
| Central body | PVDF |
| Diaphragm | FKM (Viton), EPDM |

¹⁾ Depending on the version

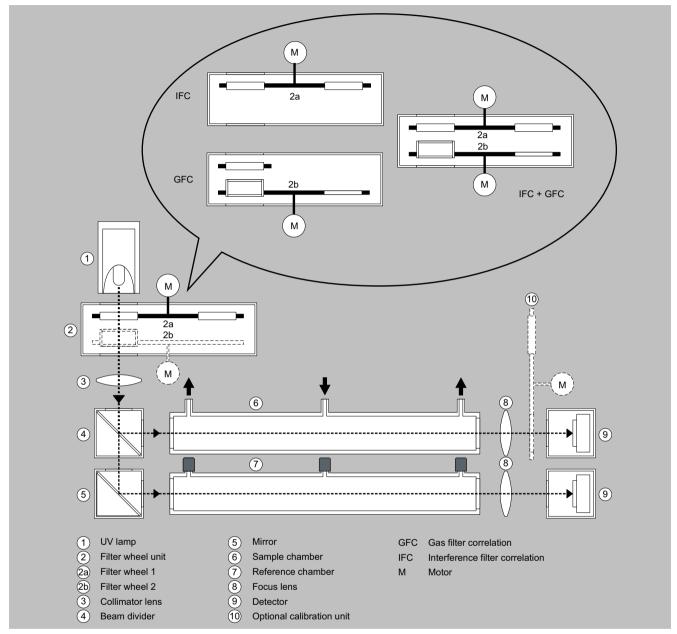
Design (Continued)

Gas flow chart



SIPROCESS UV600, gas flow chart

Mode of operation



SIPROCESS UV600, operating principle

The measuring principle of the SIPROCESS UV600 is based on the molecule-specific absorption of gases in the ultraviolet wavelength range. Radiation of a wavelength appropriate to the measurement is passed through the sample, and the selective absorption which is proportional to the concentration of the measured component is determined.

Measuring method

An electrode-less discharge lamp (1) emits broadband in the ultraviolet spectral range. A filter wheel unit (2) generates the ultraviolet radiation suitable for the respective measured component. Either interference filter correlation (IFC) or gas filter correlation (GFC), or a combination of the two methods, can be used for this purpose.

Interference filter correlation (IFC)

The sample and reference radiations are generated alternately with two different interference filters being swung into the beam path (filter wheel 2a).

Mode of operation (Continued)

Gas filter correlation (GFC)

Especially when NO is the measured component, the reference radiation is generated by swinging in a gas filter which is filled with the associated gas (filter wheel 2b).

IFC and GFC

The two filter wheels are combined in order to measure NO in combination with other measured components.

Design of the UV analyzer module

After passing through the filter unit, the beam is directed via a lens (3), a beam divider (4) and a mirror (4) into the sample chamber (6) and reference chamber (7).

The sample beam passes through the sample chamber (6), into which sample gas flows, and its intensity is weakened in line with the concentration of the measured component. The reference beam is directed via a mirror (5) into the reference chamber (7). This is filled with a neutral gas.

The detectors (9) receive the sample and reference beams in succession. These measured signals are amplified and evaluated using electronics

The measuring system is temperature-controlled to minimize external temperature influences.

The physical state of the measuring system is recorded simultaneously through time-shifted detection of the reference beam, and compensated if necessary.

A quotient is generated for each detector from the determined signal values, and the ratio of these quotients determined. This double generation of quotients means that symmetrical signal drifts are compensated in the best possible manner in addition to proportional signal drifts.

Note

The sample gases must be fed into the analyzers free of dust. Condensation in the sample chambers must be prevented. Therefore, the use of gas modified for the measuring task is necessary in most application cases.

Additional measures depending on the application must be taken when introducing gases with flammable components at concentrations above the lower explosive limit (LEL). Please contact the technical department in such cases.

Function

Signal connections

The SIPROCESS UV600 is supplied as standard with one or (optionally) two input/output modules. The logic function of the signal connections can be configured individually with the service and maintenance software specific to SIPROCESS UV600.

The signal connections are available at terminal strips X3, X4, X5 and X7 on the 12-pin plug connectors of the input/output modules. The scope of delivery includes the corresponding counterparts (plug connectors) with screw terminals.

Inputs and outputs

Characteristics of the digital inputs:

- Floating optocouplers with common reference potential (DIC)
- Switching range 14 ... 42 V DC (external control voltage)
- The digital inputs can be operated either with positive or negative voltage
- With inverted switching logic, the logic function of the control input is active if no current is flowing through the control input
- Maximum voltage ± 50 V

Characteristics of the digital outputs:

- Floating relay changeover contacts
- 1-pole changeover switch, three connections
- Maximum voltage ± 50 V
- Connect inductive loads (e.g. relays, solenoid valves etc.) via spark-quenching diodes only
- Maximum load rating (standard): Max. 30 V AC, max. 48 V DC, max. 500 mA.

Characteristics of the analog inputs:

- The input signal is an analog current signal (standard 0 ... 20 mA, maximum 30 mA)
- \bullet The signal current must be provided by an external current source
- ullet Load (internal resistance) of analog input: 10 Ω
- Reference potential GND (see figure, analog inputs)
- Overcurrent protection: ± 1 000 mA

Function (Continued)

• Maximum voltage: ± 50 V

Characteristics of the analog outputs:

- Analog outputs are floating (electrically isolated) and provide a load-independent current signal
- Signal range 0 ... 24 mA
- Residual ripple 0.02 mA
- Resolution 0.1%
- Accuracy 0.25% of measuring range end value
- Maximum load 500 Ω
- Maximum voltage ± 50 V
- Adjustable start or error state

Note for electrical isolation:

The electrical isolation is canceled if the negative poles of the analog outputs are connected to GND.

Note

For all graphical representations of connections and pin assignments, see "Circuit diagrams".

Selection and ordering data

| SIPROCESS LIVEOU das | analyzer, incl. gas module and ba | rometric pressure compensa | | icle 32621 | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|---------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ion | anaryzer, mer. gas modure and ba | Tometric pressure compensa | • | • | • | • | • | _ | 0 | • | • | |
| | ne configuration in the PIA Life Cycle Portal. | | | | | | | | | | | Ť |
| | s are shown in PIA Life Cycle Portal as ". | not permitted". | | | | | | | | | | |
| | <u> </u> | | | | | _ | | _ | | | | _ |
| | ths, 19" rack unit for installation in cabinets | Consider Marchal | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gas connections: Diameter | Gas connections: Material | Gas paths: Material | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 mm pipe | PVDF | Hose / Viton | 0 | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 mm pipe | Swagelok | PTFE | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 mm pipe | Swagelok | Stainless steel, with pipes | 2 | | | | | | | | | |
| ¼" pipe | Swagelok | Stainless steel, with pipes | 3 | | | | | | | | | |
| Ist UV measured component | | | | | | | | | | | | Γ |
| Measured component | Smallest/largest measuring range | Corresponds to | | | | | | | | | | Γ |
| NO | 0 10 / 0 300 ppmv | 0 15 / 0 450 mg/m ³ | | Α | Α | | | | | | | |
| | 0 20 / 0 400 ppmv | 0 25 / 0 500 mg/m ³ | | Α | В | | | | | | | |
| | 0 25 / 0 500 ppmv | 0 35 / 0 700 mg/m ³ | | Α | С | | | | | | | |
| | 0 50 / 0 1 000 ppmv | 0 70 / 0 1 250 mg/m ³ | | Α | D | | | | | | | |
| NO ₂ | 0 10 / 0 300 ppmv ¹⁾ | 0 20 / 0 600 mg/m ^{3 1)} | | В | Α | | | | | | | |
| | 0 20 / 0 400 ppmv | 0 40 / 0 800 mg/m ³ | | В | В | | | | | | | |
| | 0 25 / 0 500 ppmv | 0 50 / 0 1 000 mg/m ³ | | В | С | | | | | | | |
| | 0 50 / 0 1 000 ppmv | 0 100 / 0 2 000 mg/m ³ | | В | D | | | | | | | |
| 5O ₂ | 0 10 / 0 300 ppmv ¹⁾ | 0 25 / 0 750 mg/m ^{3 1)} | | С | Α | | | | | | | |
| | 0 20 / 0 400 ppmv | 0 50 / 0 1 000 mg/m ³ | | С | В | | | | | | | |
| | 0 25 / 0 500 ppmv | 0 75 / 0 1 500 mg/m ³ | | С | С | | | | | | | |
| | 0 50 / 0 1 000 ppmv | 0 130 / 0 2 600 mg/m ³ | | С | D | | | | | | | |
| H ₂ S | 0 25 / 0 500 ppmv | 0 40 / 0 800 mg/m ³ | | D | С | | | | | | | |
| | 0 50 / 0 1 000 ppmv | 0 75 / 0 1 500 mg/m ³ | | D | D | | | | | | | |
| 2nd UV measured component | | | | | | | | | | | | Г |
| Measured component | Smallest/largest measuring range | Corresponds to | | | | | | | | | | Γ |
| Without | | | | | | 0 | 0 | | | | | |
| NO ₂ | 0 10 / 0 300 ppmv ¹⁾ | 0 20 / 0 600 mg/m ^{3 1)} | | | | 2 | 1 | | | | | |
| | 0 20 / 0 400 ppmv | 0 40 / 0 800 mg/m³ | | | | 2 | 2 | | | | | |
| | 0 25 / 0 500 ppmv | 0 50 / 0 1 000 mg/m ³ | | | | 2 | 3 | | | | | |
| | 0 50 / 0 1 000 ppmv | 0 100 / 0 2 000 mg/m ³ | | | | 2 | 4 | | | | | |
| SO ₂ | 0 10 / 0 300 ppmv ¹⁾ | 0 25 / 0 750 mg/m ^{3 1)} | | | | 3 | 1 | | | | | |
| | 0 20 / 0 400 ppmv | 0 50 / 0 1 000 mg/m ³ | | | | 3 | 2 | | | | | |
| | 0 25 / 0 500 ppmv | 0 75 / 0 1 500 mg/m ³ | | | | 3 | 3 | | | | | |
| | 0 50 / 0 1 000 ppmv | 0 130 / 0 2 600 mg/m ³ | | | | 3 | 4 | | | | | |
| H ₂ S | 0 25 / 0 500 ppmv | 0 40 / 0 800 mg/m ³ | | | | 4 | 3 | | | | | |
| | 0 50 / 0 1 000 ppmv | 0 75 / 0 1 500 mg/m³ | | | | 4 | 4 | | | | | |
| Brd UV measured component | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Measured component | Smallest/largest measuring range | Corresponds to | | | | | | | | | | l |
| Without | | | | | | | | | | Х | Χ | |
| 5O ₂ | 0 10 / 0 300 ppmv ¹⁾ | 0 25 / 0 750 mg/m ^{3 1)} | | | | | | | | C | Α | |
| | 0 20 / 0 400 ppmv | 0 50 / 0 1 000 mg/m ³ | | | | | | | | C | В | |
| | 0 25 / 0 500 ppmv | 0 75 / 0 1 500 mg/m ³ | | | | | | | | C | С | |
| | 0 50 / 0 1000 ppmv | 0 130 / 0 2 600 mg/m ³ | | | | | | | | C | D | |
| H ₂ S | 0 25 / 0 500 ppmv | 0 40 / 0 800 mg/m ³ | | | | | | | | D | C | |
| | 0 50 / 0 1 000 ppmv | 0 75 / 0 1 500 mg/m ³ | | | | | | | | D | D | |
| anguage of the operating so | ftware | | | | | | | | | | | |
| German | | | | | | | | | | | | (|
| English | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| French | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Spanish | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| Italian | | | | | | | | | | | | 4 |

¹⁾ Smallest measuring range 0 ... 10 ppmv requires daily calibration and thermostatically controlled environment (± 2 °C) Use of an additional calibration unit (B11, B12 or B13) recommended. Two measured value outputs are required on the I/O module for this measuring range switchover. A maximum of 4 measured value outputs are available per I/O module. For versions with 3 sample gas components - including more than 1 component with measuring range 0 ... 10/0 ... 300 vpm - a second I/O module (option: A13) is required!

Selection and ordering data (Continued)

| Options | Order code |
|---|------------|
| Add "-Z" to article number and then add order code. | |
| Second I/O module | A13 |
| Calibration unit for 1st sample gas component | B11 |
| Calibration unit for 1st and 2nd sample gas component | B12 |
| Calibration unit for all 3 sample gas components | B13 |
| Flow monitor | C11 |
| Humidity monitor | C12 |
| Pressure sensor (sample gas) | C14 |
| Internal sample gas pump | C15 |
| Special setting (only in conjunction with an application no., e.g. special measuring range) | Y12 |
| Extended special setting (only in conjunction with an application no., e.g. determination of cross-interferences) | |
| Prepared for QAL1, standard measured-value output in mg/m³ | Y17 |

Spare parts

| Recommended spare parts for preventive maintenance | 2 years (unit) | 5 years (unit) | Article No. |
|--|----------------|----------------|-------------|
| Safety filter FI64 | 1 | 2 | A5E03707235 |
| Power supply units, 24 V DC, 10 A | | 1 | A5E03707236 |
| Distribution board | | 1 | A5E03707240 |
| FKM hose $d = 3/5$, length = 1 m | 2 | 5 | A5E03707757 |
| MEDL UV lamp with heater | | 1 2 | A5E03707918 |
| Motor flange 3 | | 1 | A5E03707919 |
| Motor flange 2 | | 1 | A5E03707920 |
| Gas filter with holder, for measurement of NO | 1 | 2 | A5E03707921 |
| SIPROCESS UV600 chamber H = 300 mm, aluminum | | 1 | A5E03707925 |
| Calibration chamber with holder for NO | | 1 | A5E03707941 |
| Calibration chamber with holder for SO ₂ and H ₂ S | | 1 | A5E03707942 |
| Calibration chamber with holder for NO ₂ | | 1 | A5E03707943 |
| Heater with 380 mm long cable, for SIPROCESS UV600: MEDL, chamber motor flange | , 1 | 2 | A5E03707968 |
| Moisture sensor | 1 | 2 | A5E41110446 |
| Spare parts set - pressure sensor with gasket and O-ring | | 1 | A5E03707970 |
| Flow sensor with temperature sensor | 1 | 2 | A5E03707971 |
| Diaphragm pump type 123, 24 V DC / 50 Hz | | 1 | A5E03707986 |
| Diaphragm assembly, EPDM for types 110-125 | 1 | 2 | A5E03707987 |
| O-ring for gas pump suspension | 1 | 2 | A5E03707988 |

Technical specifications

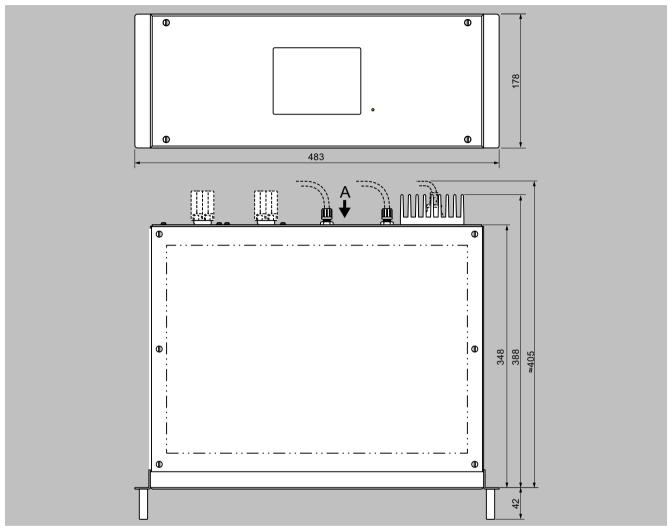
| SIPROCESS UV600 | |
|---|---|
| General information | |
| Measuring ranges | 3, automatic measuring range switchover |
| Detection limit (2σ) | < 1% of measuring span |
| Smallest possible measuring span | Dependent on order configuration NO: 0 10 / 0 20 / 0 25 / 0 50 vpm NO ₂ : 0 10 ¹) / 0 20 / 0 25 / 0 50 vpm SO ₂ : 0 10 ¹) / 0 20 / 0 25 / 0 50 vpr |
| Largest possible measuring span | H ₂ S: 0 25 / 0 50 vpm Dependent on order configuration NO, NO ₂ , SO ₂ : 0 300 to 0 1 000 vpm |
| | H ₂ S: 0 500 to 0 1 000 vpm |
| UV lamp | |
| • Design | EDL, electrodeless discharge lamp |
| Service life | ≈ 2 years (17 500 h) |
| Conformity | CE mark |
| Design, enclosure | |
| Type of protection | IP40 |
| Weight | approx. 17 kg |
| Requirements of location of use | |
| Location of use | Within closed building |
| Atmospheric pressure in the environment | 700 1 200 hPa |
| Relative humidity | 10 95%, non-condensing |
| Permissible contamination | Pollution degree 1 |
| Maximum geographic altitude of location of | 2 500 m above sea level |
| use | |
| Permissible ambient temperature | |
| Operation | +5 +45 °C (41 113 °F) |
| Transport and storage | -10 +70 °C (14 158 °F) |
| Operating position | Front wall, vertical, max. ± 15° angle for each spatial axis (maximum permissible inclination of the base surface during operation with constant operating position) |
| Permissible vibration/shock | , |
| Vibration displacement | 0.035 mm (in the range 5 59 Hz) |
| Amplitude of the starting acceleration | 5 m/s ² (in the range 59 160 Hz) |
| Electrical characteristics | • |
| Line voltage (optional, see nameplate) | 93 132 V AC, 186 264 V AC |
| Line frequency (AC) | 47 63 Hz |
| Permissible overvoltages (transient surges in | |
| the power supply network) Power consumption | Approx. 50 VA, max. 300 VA |
| EMC interference immunity (electromagnetic compatibility) | In accordance with EN 61326-1, EN 61326-2-1, EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-6- and EU Directive 2004/108/EC. In the case e electromagnetic radiation in the frequency range from 750 MHz ± 20 MHz, increased measuring errors can occur with small mea uring ranges |
| Electrical safety | In accordance with EN 61010-1 |
| Internal line fuses | |
| • primary | 6.3 A, not replaceable |
| • secondary | 8 A |
| Gas inlet conditions | |
| Permissible sample gas pressure | Relative to ambient/atmospheric air pressure: |
| 5 1 0 | -200 +300 hPa (-0.2 +0.3 bar) |
| Sample gas flow | 20 120 l/h (333 2 000 ml/min) |
| Sample gas temperature | 5 55 °C |
| Measuring response | Based on sample gas pressure 1 013 hPa absolute, 0.5 l/min sample gas flow and 25 °C ambient temperature |
| | |
| Reference point drift | < ±1%/week of respective measuring span |
| Reference point drift Zero point drift | ' |

Technical specifications (Continued)

| < ± 2%/week of respective measuring span |
|---|
| < ±1%/day of respective measuring span |
| < ± 1% of respective measuring span |
| < ± 1% of respective measuring span |
| |
| 4, 0 24 mA; floating (electrically isolated), residual ripple 0.02 mA, resolution 0.1% (20 μ A), max. load 500 Ω , max. voltage \pm 50 V |
| 8, with changeover contacts, max. voltage ± 50 V load rating: Max. 30 V AC / max. 48 V DC / max. 500 mA |
| 2, 0 20 mA, reference potential GND, max. signal strength 30 mA, max. overcur- rent protection ±1 A, max. voltage ± 50 V |
| 8, switching range 14 42 V (external control voltage), max. voltage ± 50 V |
| RS 485, Ethernet (LAN) |
| |

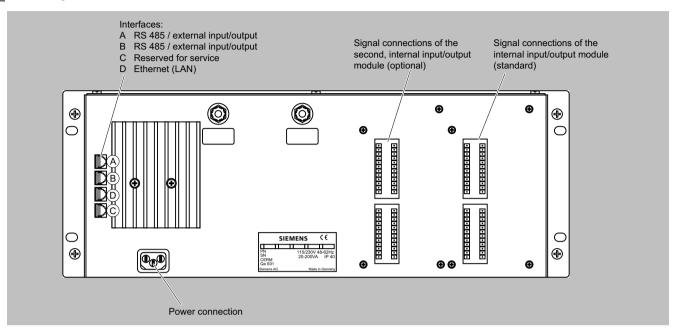
 $^{^{1)}}$ Only with daily recalibration and air-conditioned environment (+/- 2 $^{\circ}\text{C})$

Dimensional drawings

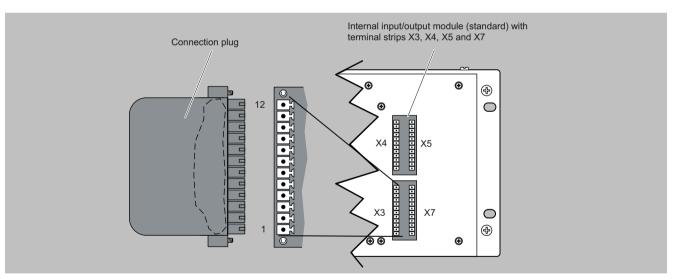


SIPROCESS UV600, 19" rack unit, dimensions in mm

Circuit diagrams

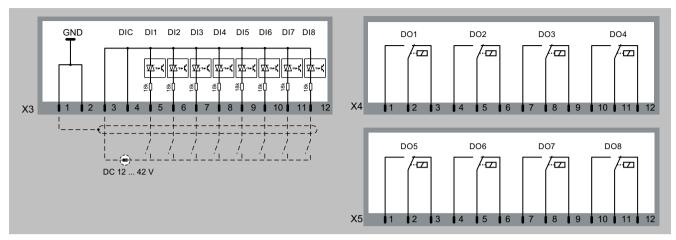


SIPROCESS UV600, gas connections and electrical connections

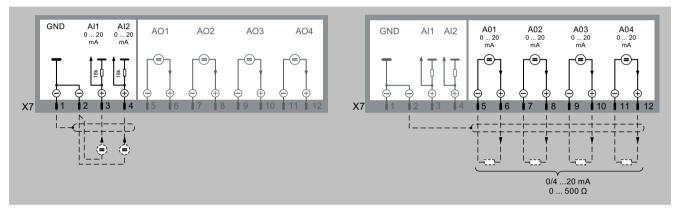


SIPROCESS UV600, signal connections and plug connectors

Circuit diagrams (Continued)



SIPROCESS UV600, pin assignments of digital inputs X3 (DI1 to DI8) and digital outputs X4 (DO1 to DO4) and X5 (DO5 to DO8)



SIPROCESS UV600, pin assignment of the analog inputs X7 (Al1 and Al2) and analog outputs X7 (AO1 to AO4)